## For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



## **ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**

City Of Molalla, Oregon &

Molalla Urban Renewal





## CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON**

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by the Finance Office of the City of Molalla

Cindy Chauran, Finance Director

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OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNING BODY
As of June 30, 2024

#### **MAYOR**

Scott Keyser

#### **CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS\***

Jody Newland - Council President

Leota Childress

RaeLynn Botsford

Terry Shankle

Crystal Robles (through April 2024)

Eric Vermillion

\*The Mayor and Councilors receive mail at the City address listed below

#### **CITY MANAGER**

Dan Huff

#### **CITY ADDRESS**

PO Box 248 Molalla, Oregon 97038



## City of Molalla

117 N Molalla Avenue, PO Box 248, Molalla, Oregon 97038 Phone: (503) 829-6855 Fax: (503) 829-3676

## Letter of Transmittal for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

December 4, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Citizens of the City of Molalla, Oregon:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Molalla for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Oregon law requires local governments to issue a complete set of audited financial statements each fiscal year. We believe this report is accurate in all material respects and presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position of the City.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in the report based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls established for that purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide a reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss or unauthorized use, and that financial records can be relied upon to produce financial statements that are fairly presented.

SingerLewak, LLP, a firm of independent certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Molalla's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

## Profile of the City

The City of Molalla, incorporated in 1913, is located just west of the foothills of the Cascade Mountains. Surrounded by farms, ranches and the Molalla River Corridor recreation area, it is a growing city in a rural setting. Situated fifteen miles south of the Clackamas County seat of Oregon City and fifteen miles east of Interstate 5, it is well-positioned halfway between the state capital Salem and the City of Portland. The current area is just over 2.5 square miles, but growth beyond the current borders is likely under the State of Oregon measured growth standards. The City's most recent measure of population stands at 10,489.

The City operates by Charter with an at-large council/manager form of government. Six Council members serve four-year terms, with three members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected for a four-year term. The City Manager is appointed as the administrative head of the city government by a majority of the Council.

The City of Molalla provides a full range of municipal services to the community which include police protection, transportation system improvements and maintenance, water, wastewater and stormwater utilities, planning and zoning, economic development support, a community library, a municipal court, parks, and general administrative services. The major governmental operating funds are the General Fund, Library Fund and Street Fund. The City is also financially accountable for the Molalla Urban Renewal Agency which is included as a part of the City of Molalla's financial statements. Fire protection is provided separately by the Molalla Fire District.

The City Council is required to adopt a budget for the fiscal year no later than June 30, preceding the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Molalla's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department. Resources are appropriated by fund. Appropriations set the legal limit of spending which can only be changed, under limited parameters of Oregon law, with Council approval.

## Local Economy

The City of Molalla, like other political subdivisions in the State of Oregon, continues to face increasing financial challenges in light of voter approved property tax limitations and the on-going increases in the costs of service delivery, driven in particular by inflation. Despite the current market, the City continues to see an increase in industrial and commercial investment. Residential opportunities are slowing mainly due to a lack of residential inventory. This is being addressed by work toward an expanded Urban Growth Boundary. The primary employers continue to be the agricultural and forestry industries, with increasing employment in consumer services and the construction trade. Local events such as the Molalla Buckeroo rodeo, Celebrate Molalla and a growing farmer's market draw interest to Molalla as well.

## Long-term Financial Planning

Under the adopted Financial Policies summarized below, the City of Molalla formulates its annual budget with a long-term focus, emphasizes conservatism, and requires minimum fund balances for stability in periods of economic uncertainty. The general fund balance has increased steadily over the past ten years; at year-end, it stood at nearly 55% of total general fund revenues. All other fund balances are also in line with policy.

- Budget Policy Governs the budgeting process, monitoring of budget execution, performance monitoring, and any revision of the budget. The objective is to ensure that the annual budgeting process is performed timely and supports the City's financial and operational planning objectives and processes; actual costs versus budget are reviewed and monitored for significant variances; expenditures made are in line with program objectives; budgets are reviewed periodically for relevance and revised as necessary.
- Debt Policy Established to help ensure that all debt is issued both prudently and cost effectively. This policy sets forth comprehensive guidelines for the financing of capital expenditures of the City. Adherence to the policy is essential to ensure that the City maintains a sound debt position and protects the credit quality of its obligations.
- Expenditure Policy The policy objective is to ensure a fundamental level of integrity, directness, and transparency in how the City spends public funds, and to ensure City expenditures directly support services to customers and citizens.

- Fund Balance and Reserve Policy Establishes threshold minimums for City funds and is intended to serve as a guide for operational, budgetary, and policy decisions made by the City Council and management.
- Grants Management Policy Includes guidelines for pursuing, acquiring, and administering grant funding by providing clear guidelines for alignment with the overall purpose of the City and with specific project goals.
- Revenue Policy Designed to provide general principles and guidelines to promote effective control over, and proper accounting of, revenues from external sources and the related accounts receivable. It also discusses the determination of fees and charges.
- Purchase Policy, and Usage of Purchase Orders Intended to ensure efficiency and accountability in purchasing and establishing spending authority thresholds by position.
- Capitalization Policy Formalizes the definition and depreciation of capital assts reported under generally accepted accounting principles.

## **Major Initiatives**

Upcoming and on-going major initiatives include:

- Wastewater Treatment Plant Upgrade After years of planning, the contract to construct a new treatment process and facility has now been awarded. Funding has been secured through a combination of loans and grants, including a USDA Rural Development loan in the amount of \$32,250,000.
- Infrastructure Investments Deferred maintenance and improvements are being addressed through the Resurfacing Program and Sidewalk Improvement Program managed by the Street Department. Replacement of sewer and water mains and a pump station upgrade are also budgeted in the enterprise funds. Pre-design studies for new water intakes are beginning.
- Planning: Updates to Parks and Stormwater master plans are underway. The work of potential expansion of the urban growth boundary has begun. A digital permitting platform as required by the State is being implemented.
- New Police Department Facility Ground has been broken for the new structure funded by a \$16.8 million voter approved bond. Completion is expected by the end of 2025.
- Park Development Phase I of Chief Yelkus Park and Clark Park improvement plans are the current focus.
- Library Plans to expand or relocate the library facility are being considered.

## **Property Taxes**

The permanent property tax rate for the City of Molalla is 5.3058 per \$1000 of assessed value. This rate is higher than most municipalities in Clackamas County, but its assessed value is lower. Oregon's property tax structure caps assessment rates at 3% annually, so new development is important to increasing tax revenues. Tax receipts for the current year were 3% greater than the previous year.

Taxpayers authorized a general obligation bond for building a new police station in 2023. Assessment for debt service on the \$16.8 million bond begins this year. The City does not currently have any operating levies.

In addition to the Urban Renewal District, the City of Molalla also has an Enterprise Zone which provides a temporary tax abatement to encourage development of properties that carry substantial public improvement requirements.

## Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the City of Molalla the *Distinguished Budget Presentation Award* for its annual budget document for the 2023-2024 budget year, as it has for the previous five years. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The GFOA also awarded the City the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The report was judged by an impartial panel to meet the high standards of the program, which includes demonstrating a constructive "spirit of full disclosure" to clearly communicate the City's financial story and motivate potential users to read the report.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department.

We greatly appreciate the professionalism, commitment, and effort set forth by the Mayor, City Council, Budget Committee, and Department Directors whose leadership is integral to the health and success of the City of Molalla.

Respectfully submitted,

Dan Huff Cindy Chauran
City Manager Finance Director

4th Cindy Chainer



## Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

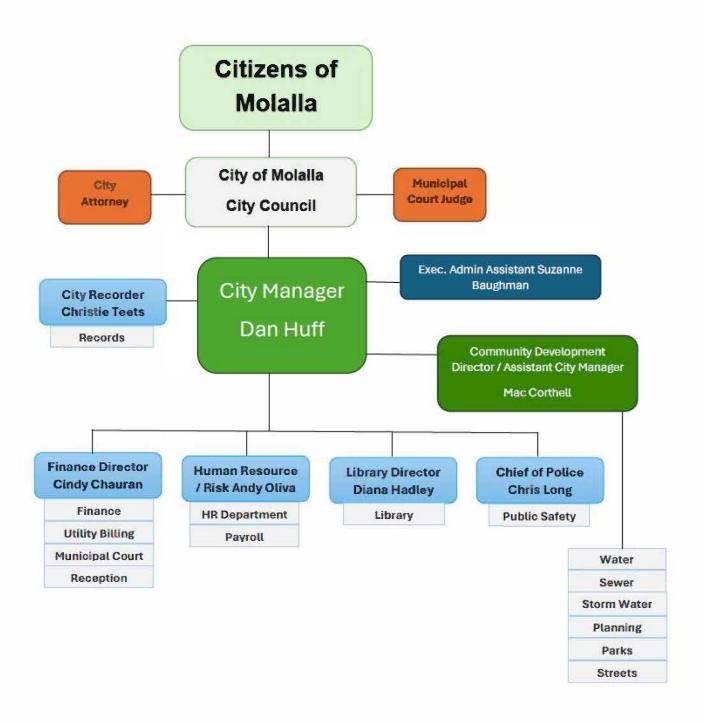
## City of Molalla Oregon

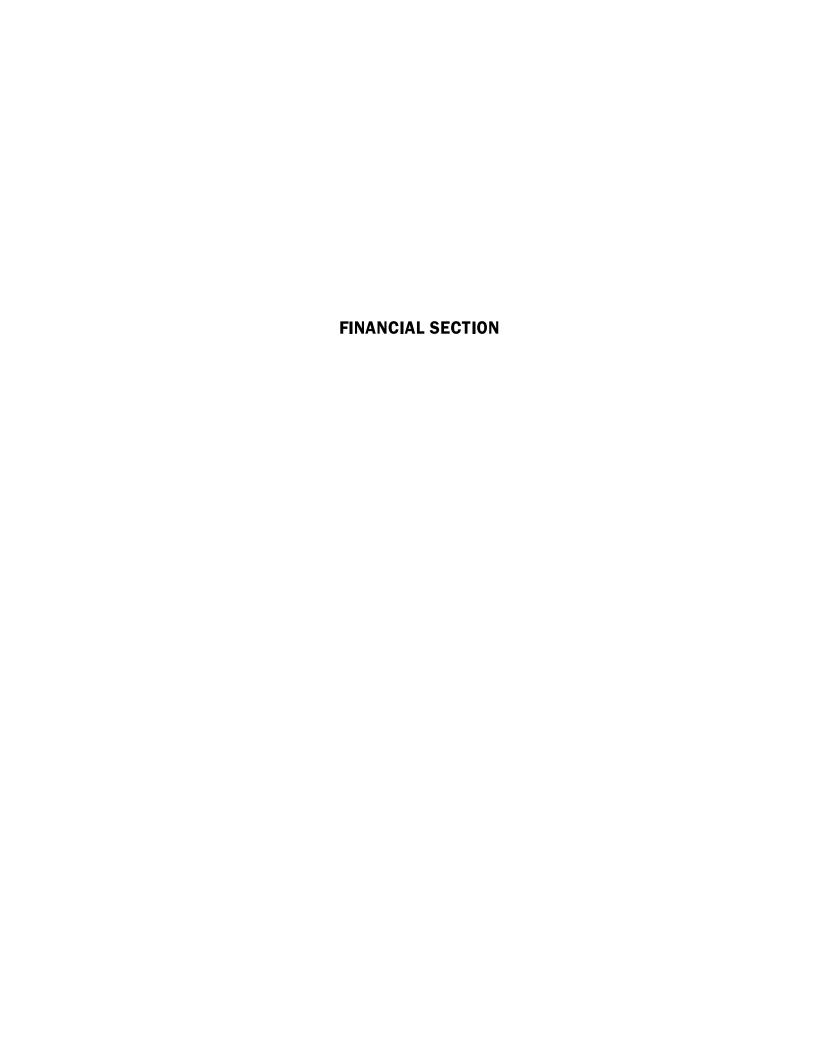
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Molalla Molalla, Oregon

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Molalla, Oregon (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Molalla, Oregon, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Molalla, Oregon Independent Auditor's Report December 4, 2024

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect material misstatements when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on
  the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages a-g and the pension and OPEB schedules on pages 48 - 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Molalla, Oregon Independent Auditor's Report December 4, 2024

The schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget to actual for the General, Library, Street, and Urban Renewal Agency funds, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information for the year ended June 30, 2024 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with audited standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Molalla, Oregon Independent Auditor's Report December 4, 2024

inger Lewak LLP

#### Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2024, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

December 4, 2024

By:

Brad Bingenheimer, Partner





## CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis JUNE 30, 2024

The management of the City of Molalla, Oregon offers readers of the Annual Financial Report, this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Molalla for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities, and resulting changes in financial position, budget variances and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the City.

### Financial Highlights

Assets totaled \$82,973,663 on June 30, 2024, and consisted of \$42,634,180 in cash and cash equivalents; \$1,950,373 in accounts receivable and other assets; and \$38,389,110 in capital assets.

Net position was \$56,836,018 on June 30, 2024, compared to \$52,467,898 at June 30, 2023 at year end.

As of June 30, 2024, the City had \$26,369,353 in outstanding bonds, notes payable, accrued compensated absences, and net pension and OPEB liabilities.

The City's net position increased by \$4,368,120 from June 30, 2023, primarily due to increased cash from the sale of general obligation bonds for the police station. The City's capital assets in Fiscal Year 2024 totaled \$38,389,110 net of depreciation, which includes current year assets as well as other major capital construction projects.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Molalla basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. The report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### 1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

These two statements present an overview of the City's finances, in a manner like the private sector. Each statement presents highly condensed, entity-wide information and uses the full accrual basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the City's total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the City as of the date on the statement. Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the net position of the City changed over the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the government-wide financial statements, the City's activities are shown as governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities of the City of Molalla include general government, city hall, legal, parks, library, streets, and police. These activities are primarily financed through property taxes and other intergovernmental activities. Business-type activities consist of water, sewer, and stormwater. These activities are services to the public for a fee.

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Molalla, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City of Molalla can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Molalla maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Library Fund, Street Fund, Urban Renewal Agency Fund, and the Police Station Capital Project Fund. All these funds are considered to be major funds, except data from the other five non-major governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules in the other supplementary information described below.

**Proprietary Funds.** Proprietary funds represent three segments of business-type operations, water, sewer, and stormwater, used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent is that the costs of providing these services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges.

#### 3. Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Required Supplementary Information.** Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) but are not considered part of basic financial statements. A budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and major special revenue funds, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of contributions are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

**Other Supplementary Information.** The schedules for any major capital project funds and non-major governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules for both the non-major governmental funds and the proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

## **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indictor of a government's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$56,836,018 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following table reflects a Summary of Net Position for these fiscal years:

	2024							2023				
	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
Assets												
Current assets	\$	34,702,578	\$	9,714,161	\$	44,416,739	\$	18,225,268	\$	7,176,128	\$	25,401,396
Net OPEB assets		127,119		40,695		167,814		95,234		31,363		126,597
Capital assets		17,347,979		21,041,131		38,389,110		15,623,169		20,561,732		36,184,901
Total assets		52,177,676		30,795,987		82,973,663		33,943,671		27,769,223		61,712,894
Deferred outflows of resources		1,137,436		364,126		1,501,562		1,194,315		393,324		1,587,639
Liabilities												
Current liabilities		614,639		387,194		1,001,833		647,408		76,097		723,505
Long-term liabilities		22,465,183		3,904,170		26,369,353		5,702,665		3,611,292		9,313,957
Total liabilities		23,079,822		4,291,364		27,371,186		6,350,073		3,687,389		10,037,462
Deferred inflows of resources		196,641		71,380		268,021		590,568		204,605		795,173
Net position												
Net investment in capital assets		12,796,415		18,168,281		30,964,696		11,745,536		17,673,354		29,418,890
Restricted		30,128,030		2,366,093		32,494,123		12,107,520		1,909,844		14,017,364
Unrestricted		(12,885,796)		6,262,995		(6,622,801)		4,344,289		4,687,355		9,031,644
Total net position	\$	30,038,649	\$	26,797,369	\$	56,836,018	\$	28,197,345	\$	24,270,553	\$	52,467,898

The largest portion of the City of Molalla's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets do not have financial liquidity easily available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay these liabilities. The balance of \$32,494,123 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The balance of \$24,341895 is a combination of unrestricted and net investments where capital assets may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. These totals when combined equal the net position of \$56,836,018.

The following table summarizes revenues and expenses for these fiscal years:

	2024					2023						
	Gov	ernmental	mental Business-Type			Governmental		В	<b>Business-Type</b>			
	A	Activities		Activities		Total		Activities		Activities		Total
Revenues												
Program Revenues												
Charges for services	\$	639,027	\$	6,939,720	\$	7,578,747	\$	583,355	\$	6,620,494	\$	7,203,849
Operating grants		1,548,492		-		1,548,492		2,176,675		=		2,176,675
Capital grants		592,235		289,002		881,237		2,294,958		747,970		3,042,928
General Revenues												
Property taxes		4,931,923		-		4,931,923		4,745,833		=		4,745,833
Other taxes		1,384,209		-		1,384,209		1,284,904		-		1,284,904
Other revenues		2,224,610		(177,733)		2,046,877		2,170,174		(741,836)		1,428,338
Total Revenues		11,320,496		7,050,989		18,371,485		13,255,899		6,626,628		19,882,527
Expenses												
Governmental												
General government		1,413,510		-		1,413,510		1,441,529		-		1,441,529
Public safety		4,481,759		-		4,481,759		3,826,634		-		3,826,634
Highways and streets		1,702,198		-		1,702,198		1,751,296		-		1,751,296
Culture and recreation		1,216,138		-		1,216,138		1,049,101		=		1,049,101
Community development		544,691		=		544,691		417,449		=		417,449
Interest long-term debt		120,896		-		120,896		71,112		-		71,112
Business-Type												
Water		-		1,765,526		1,765,526		-		1,551,845		1,551,845
Sewer		-		2,473,990		2,473,990		-		2,857,409		2,857,409
Storm water		-		284,657		284,657		=		280,099		280,099
Total expenses		9,479,192		4,524,173		14,003,365		8,557,121		4,689,353		13,246,474
Change in Net Position		1,841,304		2,526,816		4,368,120		4,698,778		1,937,275		6,636,053
Net Position July, 1		28,197,345		24,270,553		52,467,898		23,498,567		22,333,278		45,831,845
Net PositionJune 30	\$	30,038,649	\$	26,797,369	\$	56,836,018	\$	28,197,345	\$	24,270,553	\$	52,467,898

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the City of Molalla's net position by \$1,841,304. This is primarily due to an increase in tax and interest revenues.

**Business-type Activities.** Business-type activities increased the City of Molalla's net position by \$2,526,816. This is primarily due to an increase in operating and interest revenues.

### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Molalla's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Molalla's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year as they have not been limited to use for a particular purpose.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33.8 million, an increase of \$17.3 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 10% of this amount (\$3.3 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balances is either restricted for specific purposes (\$30 million) or committed for specific purposes (\$360 thousand).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by approximately \$544,000 during the current fiscal year.

Significant changes from the prior year are as follows:

- Property taxes revenues increased approximately \$166,600, or 4.3%. This increase relates to construction of new commercial properties and homes, and an increase in the property tax rate levied by 3%.
- Interest revenue increased substantially due to inflation. Interest is recorded monthly to the funds based on each fund's cash balance.

The ending fund balances of the General Fund, Library Fund, Street Fund and Urban Renewal increased from the prior year.

The Capital Projects Fund was closed, and it was decided that capital projects will stay in the fund where the project belongs. For example, street projects will stay under capital in the Street Fund.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City's proprietary funds are enterprise funds. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for services. These funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The net position of the enterprise funds proprietary funds increased by approximately \$2.5 million (10.4%) over the prior fiscal year. This is primarily due to an increase in Sewer Fund & Water Fund capital assets.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were six budget resolutions adopted in fiscal year 2023-24 that affected the General Fund. The resulting changes increased resources by \$725,697 due to transfers from closed funds, increased expenditures for administration by \$259,200, police by \$301,000, municipal court by \$5,000, city council by \$8,000, and parks by \$412,697, and decreased contingency by \$260,200.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets. The City's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024 is \$38,389,110. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure such as roads, water, and wastewater systems. The net increase in net capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$2,204,209.

The Construction in progress will remain a larger number now and for future upcoming years as the new Wastewater Treatment Plant is being built. The same is true as a new Police Facility is constructed. The City estimates these two projects to encompass the next several years.

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Various infrastructure projects related to streets, sewer, and water improvements including in process and completed projects at a combined cost of \$ 1,526,247.
- Building projects such as the Wastewater Treatment Plant upgrade, Molalla Civic Center Improvements, and the new Police Facility at a combined cost of \$2,441,113.
- Land Improvements including Chief Yelkus Park Design, Cascade Place Apartments, and Pickle Ball Courts completion at a cost of \$530,181.
- Machinery Equipment & Vehicles including (1) K-9 SUV, (1) Dodge Ram Pick-up for PD, (2) New SUV Durango's for PD, a Vacuum Excavator, and a Tractor for Public Works at a total cost of \$ 549.008.

The following table compares capital assets for these fiscal years:

	Gove	rnmental	Busines	ss-Type			
	Ad	tivities	Activ	rities	То	Change	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	+ (-)
Land	\$ 1,584,290	\$ 1,584,290	\$ 727,509	\$ 727,509	\$ 2,311,799	\$ 2,311,799	\$ -
Construction in Progress	4,355,812	2,731,175	3,251,656	2,372,681	7,607,468	5,103,856	2,503,612
Land improvement	1,487,478	1,337,171	73,787	77,011	1,561,265	1,414,182	147,083
Buildings	2,492,039	2,152,273	5,317,346	5,341,864	7,809,385	7,494,137	315,248
Infrastructure	5,913,370	6,379,862	10,863,933	11,211,924	16,777,303	17,591,786	(814,483)
Machinery and Equipment	671,904	661,206	734,234	743,236	1,406,138	1,404,442	1,696
Vehicles	843,086	777,192	72,666	87,507	915,752	864,699	51,053
Total	\$17,347,979	\$ 15,623,169	\$ 21,041,131	\$20,561,732	\$ 38,389,110	\$36,184,901	\$2,204,209

For more detailed information regarding capital assets please refer to Note 5 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

**Long-term Debt**. At the end of the current fiscal year the City had a total bonded debt outstanding of \$20,608,073. Of this amount, \$19,657,948 is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The \$950,125 is the bond premium and the remainder of the City's long-term obligations is comprised of notes payable.

	Govern	Government Activities		ness				
	Activ			Activities		Totals		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	+ (-)	
Bonds payable	\$ 18,860,048	\$ 3,307,700	\$ 797,900	\$ 1,160,000	\$ 19,657,948	\$ 4,467,700	\$ 15,190,248	
<b>Bond premium</b>	950,125	150,930			950,125	150,930	799,195	
Notes payable		_	2,251,566	1,718,264	2,251,566	1,718,264	533,302	
Total	\$ 19,810,173	\$ 3,458,630	\$ 3,049,466	\$ 2,878,264	\$ 22,859,639	\$ 6,336,894	\$ 16,522,745	

The City's total debt increased by \$ 16,522,745 during the current fiscal year. The following are the reasons for the overall increase.

The City issued \$16,830,230 in general obligation bonds this year for the construction of a new police station. The City entered a Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan agreement in 2020. The amount drawn thus far, which includes an additional draw of \$533,302 this year, is for the design phase of required Wastewater Treatment Plant improvements. This amount was largely offset by the regularly scheduled principal reductions on the bonded debt.

The City has maintained a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's. For more detailed information regarding long-term debt please refer to Note 4 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The 2024/2025 Budget combines the intent to remain conservative with operating costs while preparing for significant capital projects necessary due to growth. Contracts have been approved for construction of a new wastewater treatment plant to be funded through a USDA loan program, and a new police station funded by a voter-approved bond is currently under construction.

We will continue to ensure the conservative approaches to all spending remain in play and that the correct staffing is functioning as needed to maximize the benefits to the residents of Molalla. The City of Molalla will continue the practice of utilizing a cost allocation plan for administrative costs that are indirect and unassignable to a specific cost objective. The method in use is based on budget percentage of the entire city-wide budget but imposed only on actual expenditures.

The City of Molalla budget committee considered all the following factors while preparing the City budget for the 2024/2025 fiscal year.

- Prior history of revenue and expenditures
- Capital projects slated in the next fiscal year as directed from the Capital Improvement Plan
- Expected property tax revenue.

Requests for Information. This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. The City of Molalla Urban Renewal Agency has issued a separate report, which is available to those who are interested. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Cindy Chauran, Finance Director City of Molalla PO Box 248 Molalla, Oregon 97038



	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,670,355	\$ 8,963,825	\$ 42,634,180
Accounts receivables	621,347	750,336	1,371,683
Property tax receivables	177,024	-	177,024
Loan receivable	200,000	_	200,000
Prepaid items	33,852	=	33,852
Net other postemployment benefit asset	127,119	40,695	167,814
Capital assets:	,	,	,
Capital assets, nondepreciable	5,940,102	3,979,165	9,919,267
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	11,407,877	17,061,966	28,469,843
Total assets	52,177,676	30,795,987	82,973,663
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension related items	1,136,959	363,973	1,500,932
Other postemployment benefit related items	477	153	630
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,137,436	364,126	1,501,562
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	483,357	363,160	846,517
Accrued interest payable	84,422	24,034	108,456
Deposits	46,860	24,004	46,860
Long-term liabilities:	40,000		40,000
Due within one year	768,920	445,618	1,214,538
Due in more than one year	21,696,263	3,458,552	25,154,815
Total liabilities	23,079,822	4,291,364	27,371,186
Deferred inflows of resources			
Refunded debt charges	-	8,428	8,428
Pension related items	175,452	56,168	231,620
Other postemployment benefit related items	21,189	6,784	27,973
Total deferred inflows of resources	196,641	71,380	268,021
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	12,796,415	18,168,281	30,964,696
Restricted for:			
Highways and streets	3,652,061	-	3,652,061
Library	3,395,586	-	3,395,586
Urban renewal projects	3,309,817	-	3,309,817
System development	3,698,029	2,108,289	5,806,318
Capital projects	15,945,418	-	15,945,418
Debt service	-	217,109	217,109
Net OPEB	127,119	40,695	167,814
Unrestricted	(12,885,796)	6,262,995	(6,622,801)
Total net position	\$ 30,038,649	\$ 26,797,369	\$ 56,836,018

				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
			Program Revenue	s	and	ition				
			Operating	<b>Capital Grants</b>						
		Charges for	<b>Grants and</b>	and	Governmental	Business-type				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals			
Governmental activities:				-	-					
General government	\$ 1,413,510	\$ 53,622	\$ 36,095	\$ -	\$ (1,323,793)	\$ -	\$ (1,323,793)			
Public safety	4,481,759	318,068	95,912	-	(4,067,779)	-	(4,067,779)			
Highways and streets	1,702,198	209,394	259,758	281,542	(951,504)	-	(951,504)			
Culture and recreation	1,216,138	13,778	1,156,727	215,693	170,060	-	170,060			
Community development	544,691	44,165	-	95,000	(405,526)	-	(405,526)			
Interest	120,896				(120,896)		(120,896)			
Total governmental activities	9,479,192	639,027	1,548,492	592,235	(6,699,438)		(6,699,438)			
Business-type activities:										
Water	1,765,526	2,175,279	-	115,391	-	525,144	525,144			
Sewer	2,473,990	4,395,678	-	141,694	-	2,063,382	2,063,382			
Stormwater	284,657	368,763		31,917		116,023	116,023			
Total business-type activities	4,524,173	6,939,720		289,002		2,704,549	2,704,549			
Totals	\$ 14,003,365	\$ 7,578,747	\$ 1,548,492	\$ 881,237	(6,699,438)	2,704,549	(3,994,889)			
	General revenues	:								
	Taxes levied for	r:								
	General pur	poses			3,984,767	=	3,984,767			
	Specific pur	poses			947,156	-	947,156			
	Franchise fees				575,824	-	575,824			
	Fuel taxes				808,385	-	808,385			
			stricted to specifi	c programs	470,991	-	470,991			
	Unrestricted in	vestment earning	(S		1,037,642	489,693	1,527,335			
	Miscellaneous				41,839	6,712	48,551			
	Transfers				674,138	(674,138)				
	Total gen	eral revenues an	d transfers		8,540,742	(177,733)	8,363,009			
	Change in net pos	sition			1,841,304	2,526,816	4,368,120			
	Net position - beg	inning			28,197,345	24,270,553	52,467,898			
	Net position - end	ling			\$ 30,038,649	\$ 26,797,369	\$ 56,836,018			

	General	Library	Street	Urban Renewal Agency	Police Station Capital Project	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,383,432	\$ 3,405,907	\$ 3,546,124	\$ 3,077,991	\$ 16,197,009	\$ 4,059,892	\$ 33,670,355
Accounts receivables	421,177	1,230	198,940	-	-	-	621,347
Property tax receivables	144,540	-	-	32,484	-	-	177,024
Loans receivable	=	-	-	200,000	-	-	200,000
Prepaid items	33,852						33,852
Total assets	\$ 3,983,001	\$ 3,407,137	\$ 3,745,064	\$ 3,310,475	\$ 16,197,009	\$ 4,059,892	\$ 34,702,578
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 126,554	\$ 11,551	\$ 93,003	\$ 658	\$ 251,591	\$ -	\$ 483,357
Consumer deposits	46,860						46,860
Total liabilities	173,414	11,551	93,003	658	251,591		530,217
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue - franchise fees	140,550	-	90,000	-	-	-	230,550
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	113,871			25,508			139,379
Total deferred inflows of resources	254,421		90,000	25,508			369,929
Fund balances							
Nonspendable	33,852	_	-	200,000	-	-	233,852
Restricted:							
Highways and streets	-	-	3,562,061	-	-	-	3,562,061
Library	-	3,395,586	-	-	-	-	3,395,586
Urban renewal projects	-	-	-	3,084,309	-	-	3,084,309
System development	-	-	-	-	-	3,698,029	3,698,029
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	15,945,418	-	15,945,418
Committed:							
Police department	-	-	-	-	-	7,723	7,723
Fleet replacement	-	-	-	-	=	354,140	354,140
Assigned:	405.004						405.004
Capital projects	135,881	-	-	-	-	-	135,881
Unassigned	3,385,433						3,385,433
Total fund balances	3,555,166	3,395,586	3,562,061	3,284,309	15,945,418	4,059,892	33,802,432
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources							
and fund balances	\$ 3,983,001	\$ 3,407,137	\$ 3,745,064	\$ 3,310,475	<b>\$ 16,197,009</b>	\$ 4,059,892	\$ 34,702,578

\$ 33,802,432

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2024

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	17,347,979
The statement of net position reports a net other postemployment benefit asset for its participation in the retirement plan and other postemployment benefit plan for employees of the City	127,119
The government-wide statements report as a deferred outflow, contributions made to OPERS subsequent to the measurement date and changes in assumptions and investment returns related to its participation in OPERS and the retirement plan for employees of the City	1,136,959
The government-wide statements report as a deferred outflow, contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and the net difference between projected and actual earnings related to its participation in other postemployment benefit	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - total governmental funds

plans for employees of the City	benefit	477
Other assets are not available for current period expenditures and, therefore	re,	
are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds		
Property taxes	139,379	
Franchise fees	230,550	
Total unavailable revenues	3	369,929

The government-wide statements report a deferred inflow related to changes in	
assumptions and investment returns related to participation in OPERS and the	
retirement plan for employees of the City	(175,452)

The government-wide statements report a deferred inflow related to changes in	
assumptions and investment returns related to participation in other	
postemployment benefit plans for employees of the City	(21,189)

Long term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore,

are not reported in the funds	
Bonds payable	(18,860,048)
Premium liability	(950,125)
Net pension liability	(2,358,999)
Compensated absences	(296,011)
Accrued interest payable	(84,422)
Total long-term liabilities	(22,549,605)

Net position of governmental activities \$ 30,038,649

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

								Total
	Conord	Library	Street	Urban Renewal		Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues	General	Library	Street	Agency	Capital Project	Projects	runus	runus
	\$ 3,967,457	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 941,991	¢ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,909,448
Property taxes Franchise fees	346,774	<b>5</b> -	180,000	\$ 941,991	<b>D</b> -	<b>a</b> -	<b>Ф</b> -	526,774
	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	
Licenses, permits and fees	70,667 252,538	4,450	209,394	-	-	-	-	280,061 256,988
Fines and forfeitures	252,536 99.825	2.153	-	-	-	-	-	101.978
Charges for services Donations	155,697	2,153	-	-	-	_	5.631	163,898
System development charges	155,697	2,570	-	-	-	-	395,560	395,560
, ,	591,165	1,151,337	259.758	-	-	-	50,000	2,052,260
Intergovernmental Fuel taxes	591,165	1,151,557	808.385	-	-	-	50,000	808,385
Interest	158.575	153.859	114,952	154,362	272,216	-	183,678	1,037,642
		744	•	154,562	212,210	-		
Miscellaneous	36,710		4,056	<u>-</u>			329	41,839
Total revenues	5,679,408	1,315,113	1,576,545	1,096,353	272,216		635,198	10,574,833
Expenditures Current:								
General government	1,402,635							1,402,635
Public safety		-	-	-	312,558	-	2.411	
•	4,066,839	-	860,563	-	312,556	-	2,411	4,381,808 860,563
Highways and streets	177,256	972,827	860,363	-	-	-	-	1,150,083
Culture and recreation	-	912,021	-	10 100	-	-	-	
Community development  Debt service:	284,810	-	-	10,108	-	-	-	294,918
Principal				444,900				444,900
Interest	-	-	-	87,311	-	-	-	87,311
Capital outlay	629,945	-	449,923	197,696	844,470	-	376,617	2,498,651
Capital Outlay	029,943		449,923	197,090	044,470		370,017	2,498,031
Total expenditures	6,561,485	972,827	1,310,486	740,015	1,157,028		379,028	11,120,869
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(882,077)	342,286	266,059	356,338	(884,812)		256,170	(546,036)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Issuance of long-term obligations	-	_	-	-	16,830,230	-	-	16,830,230
Transfers in	1,513,119	_	1,440,714	-	,,	-	544.009	3,497,842
Transfers out	(87,141)	(91,226)	(106,720)	(5,701)			(2,985,322)	(3,276,110)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,425,978	(91,226)	1,333,994	(5,701)	16,830,230	_	(2,441,313)	17,051,962
-								
Net change in fund balances	543,901	251,060	1,600,053	350,637	15,945,418		(2,185,143)	16,505,926
Fund balances at beginning of year,	0.044.005	0.444.500	4 000 000	0.000.070		4 044 400	4 400 570	17.000.500
as previously presented	3,011,265	3,144,526	1,962,008	2,933,672	=	1,841,462	4,403,573	17,296,506
Change within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund)						(1,841,462)	1,841,462	
	_							
Fund balances at beginning of year,								
as restated	3,011,265	3,144,526	1,962,008	2,933,672			6,245,035	17,296,506
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,555,166	\$ 3,395,586	\$ 3,562,061	\$ 3,284,309	\$ 15,945,418	\$ -	\$ 4,059,892	\$ 33,802,432

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, **EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different bec	ause:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	:	\$ 16,505,926
Governmental funds report the acquistion of capital assets as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. The difference between those two amounts is:		
Acquisition of capital assets	2,884,501	
Depreciation	(1,159,691)	1,724,810
		1,724,610
The changes in net pension liability (asset) and deferred inflows and outflows related to the entity's participation in OPERS and the Retirement Plan for Employees of the City are reported as pension expense on the		
statement of activities		(60,116)
The changes in other postemployment benefit liability (asset) and deferred outflows related to the entity's participation in the Retirement Health Insurance Account for employees of the City are reported as other		
postemployment benefit revenue on the statement of activities		34,791
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds as follows:		
Taxes Franchise fees	22,475	
Franchise rees	49,050	71,525
		71,525
Proceeds from issuance of debt is a revenue in the governmental		
funds, but increases the long-term obligations in the statement of net position.		(16,830,230)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest	(67,372)	
Changes in compensated absences	(16,717)	
Amortization of bond premiums	33,787	
		(50,302)
Repayment of long-term obligations principal is an expenditure in the governmental		
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the statement of		444 000
net position.	•	444,900
Change in net position of governmental activities	;	<b>1,841,304</b>

	Business-type Activities						
	Water	Sewer	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Enterprise Funds			
Assets							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,821,776	\$ 4,378,294	\$ 763,755	\$ 8,963,825			
Receivables, net	266,011	442,725	41,600	750,336			
Total current assets	4,087,787	4,821,019	805,355	9,714,161			
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets							
Capital assets, nondepreciable	389,308	3,409,640	180,217	3,979,165			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,257,363	7,115,490	1,689,113	17,061,966			
Total capital assets	8,646,671	10,525,130	1,869,330	21,041,131			
·				40,695			
Net other postemployment benefits asset	17,683	19,055	3,957				
Total noncurrent assets	8,664,354	10,544,185	1,873,287	21,081,826			
Total assets	12,752,141	15,365,204	2,678,642	30,795,987			
Deferred outflows of resources							
Pension related items	158,154	170,427	35,392	363,973			
Other postemployment benefit related items	66	72	15	153			
Total deferred outflows of resources	158,220	170,499	35,407	364,126			
Liabilities							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	256,099	54,500	52,561	363,160			
Accrued interest payable	_	24,034	_	24,034			
Compensated absences	41,027	30,909	7,682	79,618			
Bonds payable	-	366,000	-	366,000			
Total current liabilities	297,126	475,443	60,243	832,812			
Noncurrent liabilities							
Compensated absences	10,257	7,727	1,921	19,905			
Bonds payable	-	431,900	· <u>-</u>	431,900			
Loans payable	-	2,251,566	_	2,251,566			
Net pension liability	328,142	353,607	73,432	755,181			
Total noncurrent liabilities	338,399	3,044,800	75,353	3,458,552			
Total liabilities	635,525	3,520,243	135,596	4,291,364			
Deferred inflows of resources							
Refunded debt charges	-	8,428	-	8,428			
Pension related items	24,406	26,300	5,462	56,168			
Other postemployment benefit related items	2,948	3,176	660	6,784			
Total deferred inflows of resources	27,354	37,904	6,122	71,380			
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	8,932,724	7,503,633	1,731,924	18,168,281			
Restricted for:	-,,· <b>=</b> ·	,,-20	,,	·,=== <b>,==</b>			
System development	471,108	1,296,432	340,749	2,108,289			
Debt service		217,109	,	217,109			
Net OPEB	17,683	19,055	3,957	40,695			
Unrestricted	2,825,967	2,941,327	495,701	6,262,995			
Total net position	<b>\$ 12,247,482</b>	<u>\$ 11,977,556</u>	\$ 2,572,331	\$ 26,797,369			

## **CITY OF MOLALLA**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Business-ty	pe Ac	tivities		
	Water	Sewer		Total Nonmajor Funds		Totals Enterprise Funds	
Operating revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 2,175,279	\$	4,395,678	\$	368,763	\$	6,939,720
Total operating revenues	 2,175,279		4,395,678		368,763	_	6,939,720
Operating expenses							
Personnel services	803,334		849,596		173,287		1,826,217
Materials and services	589,117		1,323,422		59,285		1,971,824
Depreciation	 328,121		269,266		52,085		649,472
Total operating expenses	 1,720,572		2,442,284		284,657		4,447,513
Operating income (loss)	 454,707		1,953,394		84,106	_	2,492,207
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Interest income	132,774		327,291		29,628		489,693
Miscellaneous	3,351		3,361		-		6,712
Loss on sale of capital assets	-		(44,954)		-		(44,954)
Interest expense	 		(31,706)			_	(31,706)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	 136,125		253,992		29,628		419,745
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	590,832		2,207,386		113,734		2,911,952
Capital contributions	115,391		141,694		173,389		430,474
Transfers in	480,501		-		197,608		678,109
Transfers out	(244,099)		(544,114)		(111,628)		(899,841)
Transfers out - non-cash	 (557,482)		(36,396)				(593,878)
Change in net position	385,143		1,768,570		373,103		2,526,816
Net position - beginning	 11,862,339		10,208,986		2,199,228	_	24,270,553
Net position - ending	\$ 12,247,482	\$	11,977,556	\$	2,572,331	\$	26,797,369

	Business-type Activities						
		Duamesa-typ	Total	Total			
	Water	Sewer	Nonmajor Funds	Enterprise Funds			
Cash flows from operating activities	water	Sewer	runds	Fullus			
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,189,096	\$ 4,400,983	\$ 363,191	\$ 6,953,270			
Payments to suppliers	(354,247)	(1,313,559)	(60,838)	(1,728,644)			
Payments to employees	(790,474)		(175,462)	(1,816,214)			
,							
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,044,375	2,237,146	126,892	3,408,413			
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities							
Miscellaneous	3,351	3,361	-	6,712			
Transfers in	480,501	-	197,608	678,109			
Transfers out	(244,099)	(544,114)	(111,628)	(899,841)			
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	239,753	(540,753)	85,980	(215,020)			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities							
System development charges received	115,391	141,694	31,917	289,002			
Acquisition of capital assets	(621,341)	(848,844)	(104,238)	(1,574,423)			
Issuance of long-term obligations	=	533,302	-	533,302			
Principal paid on long-term obligations	-	(362,100)	-	(362,100)			
Interest paid on long-term obligations		(17,284)		(17,284)			
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(505,950)	(553,232)	(72,321)	(1,131,503)			
Cash flows from investing activities							
Interest on investments	132,774	327,291	29,628	489,693			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	910,952	1,470,452	170,179	2,551,583			
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	2,910,824	2,907,842	593,576	6,412,242			
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 3,821,776	\$ 4,378,294	\$ 763,755	\$ 8,963,825			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided							
by (used in) operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 454,707	\$ 1,953,394	\$ 84,106	\$ 2,492,207			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)							
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	202.424	200 200	50.005	040 470			
Depreciation	328,121	269,266	52,085	649,472			
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows	40.047	F 20F	(F F70)	40.550			
Receivables, net	13,817	5,305	(5,572)	13,550			
Net other postemployment benefits asset	(4,124)		(714)	(9,332)			
Deferred outflows - pension related items	11,689	11,969	5,223	28,881			
Deferred outflows - other postemployment benefit related items Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows	137	146	34	317			
•	224 970	0.963	(1 EE3)	042 494			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	234,870	9,863	(1,553)	243,181			
Compensated absences payable	13,485	(673)		13,543			
Net pension liability	48,403 (56,113)	53,193	6,537	108,133			
Deferred inflows - pension related items  Deferred inflows - other postemployment benefit related items	(617)	( , , , , ,	(13,793) (193)	(130,076) (1,463)			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,044,375	\$ 2,237,146	\$ 126,892	\$ 3,408,413			
CUIDDI EMENTAL DICALOCUDE DE NONGACU TRANCACTIONE							
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH TRANSACTIONS Conital assets transferred to deverge mental activities	¢ (EE7.400)	¢ (26.200)	¢	¢ (502.970)			
Capital assets transferred to governmental activities Contributed assets from governmental activities	\$ (557,482)	\$ (36,396)	\$ <u>141,472</u>	\$ (593,878) 141,472			
			<b></b>				
Total noncash transactions	<u>\$ (557,482)</u>	\$ (36,396)	<u>\$ 141,472</u>	<u>\$ (452,406)</u>			

#### **NOTE 1 – FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY**

The City of Molalla (the "City") was incorporated under the general laws of the State of Oregon. The City is governed by the Mayor and Council Members who are elected to office by voters within the City. The City Council exercises supervisory responsibilities over City operations, but day-to-day management operations are the responsibility of the City Manager, who reports to the Mayor and City Council.

The accompanying financial statements present all activities, funds and component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The criteria used in making this determination includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on the primary government, and fiscal dependency on the primary government. Based upon the evaluation of these criteria, the City is a primary government with one blended component unit — Molalla Urban Renewal Agency.

#### Blended Component Unit

The Molalla Urban Renewal Agency (the "Agency") was established in August 2008 under the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS), Chapter 457, to assist in the redevelopment of blighted and deteriorated areas within the City's designated urban renewal area. As provided by ORS 457, the City Council of the City of Molalla is designated as the governing body of the Agency. The Agency is reported as special revenue fund of the City as a blended component unit. Complete financial statements of the Agency can be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

# CITY OF MOLALLA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the functions of the City, the elimination of which would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Significant revenues, which are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting, include property taxes and federal and state grants. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (continued) The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General is the main operating fund of the City and accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Library accounts for the financial activities related to the City's library. The primary source
  of revenue for the Library Fund comes from intergovernmental revenue from Clackamas
  County.
- Street accounts for the maintenance of the City's streets and street lighting. The primary sources of revenue include state fuel taxes, franchise fees and maintenance fees collected by the City.
- *Urban Renewal Agency* accounts for the property tax revenue received for the rehabilitation of the blighted and deteriorated areas within the City's designated urban renewal area.
- Capital Projects Police accounts for the construction of and equipment acquisition associated with the new police station.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Water accounts for the provision of water services to the residents of the City. Activities
  of the fund include administration, operations, and maintenance of the water system and
  billing and collection activities. The primary source of revenue is user fees and charges.
- Sewer accounts for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities
  of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the sewer system and
  billing and collection activities. The primary source of revenue is user fees and charges.

The City also reports the following nonmajor governmental and proprietary fund types:

- Special Revenue accounts for revenue derived from specific revenue sources which are legally restricted finance particular functions or activities.
- Capital Projects are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type or proprietary funds).
- Enterprise accounts for the operations of predominately self-supporting activities. Enterprise funds account for services rendered to the public on a user charge basis.

#### Budget policies and budgetary control

Generally, Oregon Local Budget Law requires annual budgets be adopted for all funds except agency funds. The cash basis of accounting is used for all budgets of the City. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend.

The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The City Council adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than June 30. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended, except in the case of grant receipts and bond sale proceeds, which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The City established the levels of budgetary control at the program or department level along with debt service, transfers and contingencies.

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements have been revised since the original budget amounts were adopted. The City Council must authorize all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts, and any highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less.

#### Property taxes

Under state law, county governments are responsible for extending authorized property tax levies, computing tax rates, billing and collecting all property taxes, and making periodic remittances of collections to entities levying taxes. Real and personal property taxes are levied upon all taxable property and become a lien against the property as of July 1 of each year. Property taxes are payable in three installments following the lien date on November 15, February 15 and May 15 each year.

Uncollected property taxes are reported in governmental funds balance sheet as receivables; the portion which is available to finance expenditures of the current period is recorded as revenue and the remaining balance is recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Property taxes collected within 60 days of the end of the current period are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenue.

#### User charges and fines receivable

User charges and fines receivable are reported at the amount management expects to collect on balances outstanding at year end. Management closely monitors outstanding balances and records an allowance for user charges at year end, based on their analysis of collectability.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, storm sewers, sewers and similar items) and their improvements, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the statement of net position in the proprietary funds. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition (fair market) value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value or materially extend the useful lives of the assets are not capitalized. Major capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Upon disposal of capital assets, the accounts are relieved of the related costs and accumulated depreciation, and resulting gains or losses are reflected in the statement of activities. Depreciation expense is allocated in the statement activities by program/function.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type:	<u> Years:</u>
Land improvements	30 - 50 years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 65 years
Infrastructure	20 - 65 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 30 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

## Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt using the straight-line method. Bonds payable is reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

#### Long-term obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period in which they are incurred. The face amount of the debt issued, and premiums, are reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

## Premiums and discounts on bonded debt issuance

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The excess of bond amounts issued to refund previously issued debt over the refunded debt are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

#### Compensated absences

The City allows the employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits. All vacation benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The vacation accrual cannot exceed 360 hours at the beginning of the calendar year. Any vacation hours exceeding the maximum limit will be transferred to non-cashable sick leave, not to exceed 528 hours. A liability for vacation pay is reported in the governmental funds only if the time has matured i.e. employee resignations or retirements.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employee Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account and additions to/deductions from OPERS' net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City's OPERS' Retirement Health Insurance Account. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# <u>Deferred outflow / inflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. These include pension related items and OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Refunded debt charges, pension related items and OPEB related items, which are amortized over specified periods, are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

The balance sheet of governmental funds will report as deferred inflows, unavailable revenues from property taxes and franchise fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Net position

Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings and liabilities that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – All amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" are reported as "unrestricted net position."

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund balance

Governmental fund type fund balance reporting

Governmental type fund balances are to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories lists below:

**Non-spendable** — Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** — Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

**Committed** — Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the City Council.

**Assigned** — Amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The City Council has granted authority to the City Manager to assign fund balance amounts.

**Unassigned** — The residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Additionally, other funds may report negative unassigned fund balance in certain circumstances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to errors and omissions, automobile, damage to and destruction of assets, bodily injury, and worker's compensation for which the City carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not reached the level of commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **NOTE 3 - NEWLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS**

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for a) accounting changes and b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction).

The following changes within the reporting entity to reclassify previously major funds to nonmajor are as follows:

Canital

	Oupitui	
	Projects -	Nonmajor
	Police	_Governmental_
June 30, 2023, as previously reported	\$ 1,841,462	\$ 4,403,573
Change from major to nonmajor fund	(1,841,462)	1,841,462
June 30, 2023, as restated	\$ -	\$ 6,245,035

## NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's cash and cash equivalents and investments at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 988,515
State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool	41,644,365
Cash on hand	 1,300
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 42,634,180

The City maintains a pool of cash and cash equivalents that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Interest earned on pooled cash and cash equivalents is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and cash equivalents balances.

## Deposits with financial institutions

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all noninterest-bearing accounts and the aggregate of all interest-bearing accounts at each institution.

## NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with financial institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are collateralized under the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the Oregon State Treasurer. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating financial institutions and is considered additional depository insurance as defined in GASB 40. Participating financial institutions are required to pledge securities, held by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle in the name of the financial institution, with a value equal to at least 10%, with limited exceptions that may require up to 110%, of the amount of deposits of Oregon municipal corporations in excess of FDIC depository insurance. In the event of a failure of a participating financial institution the collective amount of all pledged securities under the PFCP are available to return the City's deposits. As of June 30, 2024, none of the City's deposits with financial institutions were exposed to custodial credit risk.

## State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool

Balances in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market price, if available; otherwise the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. The LGIP is an unrated, open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the state who by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. To provide regulatory oversight, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and LGIP investments are approved by the Oregon Investment Council. The fair value of the City's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Credit Risk. Oregon statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the state treasurer's investment pool.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City does not have a formal policy that places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

## NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair-value losses arising from increases in interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy which limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

#### **NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES**

The City's receivables at June 30, 2024, are shown below:

		Governme	ntal Activities	Busines	s-type Activiti	es / Propriet	ary Funds		
		Urban Total Renewal Governmenta				Nonmajor	Total Proprietary		
	General	Library	Street	Agency	Funds	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Funds
User charges	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$277,414	\$461,716	\$ 43,386	\$ 782,516
Accounts	421,177	1,230	198,940	-	621,347	-	-	-	-
Property taxes	144,540	-	-	32,484	177,024	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	-	200,000	200,000	-	-	-	-
Allowance for doubtful accounts						(11,403)	(18,991)	(1,786)	(32,180)
Total	\$565,717	\$ 1,230	\$198,940	\$232,484	\$ 998,371	\$266,011	\$442,725	\$ 41,600	\$ 750,336

Court fines in the amount of \$2,514,510 are not included in the Governmental/General Fund receivable balance due to the uncertainty of collections.

## **NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Balances		Deletions and	Balances
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Reclassification	June 30, 2024
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,584,290	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,584,290
Construction in progress	2,731,175	2,716,720	(1,092,083)	4,355,812
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>4,315,465</u>	_2,716,720	(1,092,083)	5,940,102
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land Improvements	1,938,273	-	207,370	2,145,643
Buildings	3,201,050	32,214	389,341	3,622,605
Infrastructure	25,937,457	-	370,129	26,307,586
Machinery and Equipment	1,074,517	62,334	-	1,136,851
Vehicles	<u>1,420,043</u>	198,476		1,618,519
Total capital assets being depreciated	33,571,340	293,024	966,840	<u>34,831,204</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	601,102	57,063	-	658,165
Buildings	1,048,777	81,789	-	1,130,566
Infrastructure	19,557,595	836,621	-	20,394,216
Machinery and Equipment	413,311	51,636	-	464,947
Vehicles	<u>642,851</u>	132,582		775,433
Total accumulated depreciation	22,263,636	1,159,691	_	23,423,327
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_11,307,704	(866,667)	966,840	11,407,877
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 15,623,169	\$ 1,850,053	\$ (125,243)	\$ 17,347,979

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's governmental activities as follows:

## Governmental activities:

General government	\$	92,295
Public safety		83,685
Highway and streets		849,972
Culture and recreation		71,089
Community development		<u>62,650</u>
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1	L,159,691

# NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Balances	Addition	Deletions and	Balances
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Reclassification	June 30, 2024
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 727,509	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 727,509
Construction in progress	<u>2,372,681</u>	<u>943,975</u>	<u>(65,000)</u>	3,251,656
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,100,190	943,975	(65,000)	3,979,165
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land Improvements	223,302	-	-	223,302
Buildings	8,406,499	65,000	141,472	8,612,971
Infrastructure	18,679,618	-	(35,678)	18,643,940
Machinery and Equipment	2,490,388	112,302	(47,361)	2,555,329
Vehicles	607,583		<u> </u>	607,583
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>30,407,390</u>	<u>177,302</u>	<u>58,433</u>	30,643,125
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	146,291	3,224	-	149,515
Buildings	3,064,635	230,990	-	3,295,625
Infrastructure	7,467,694	313,097	(784)	7,780,007
Machinery and Equipment	1,747,152	87,320	(13,377)	1,821,095
Vehicles	520,076	<u> 14,841</u>	<u> </u>	534,917
Total accumulated depreciation	12,945,848	649,472	(14,161)	13,581,159
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	17,461,542	(472,170)	72,594	17,061,966
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$20,561,732	\$ 471,805	\$ 7,594	\$ 21,041,131

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's business-type activities as follows:

# Business-type activities:

Water	\$ 328,121
Sewer	269,266
Stormwater	 52,085
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 649,472

## **NOTE 7 - UNAVAILABLE REVENUE**

As of June 30, 2024, property taxes which are due the City, but not received within 60 days after year end are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds as follows:

	Governmental Funds							
						Urban		Total
						Renewal	G	overnmental
		General	Street		_	Agency		Funds
Franchise fees	\$	140,550	\$	90,000		-	\$	230,550
Property taxes		113,871		<u>-</u>		25,508		139,379
Total unavailable revenue	¢	254,421	\$	90.000	\$	25.508	\$	369,929
rotal unavaliable revenue	<u>\$</u>	254,421	Φ	90,000	Φ_	25,506	Φ	309,929

## **NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Outstanding July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding June 30, 2024	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities						
Long-term debt						
General obligation bonds:						
URA - 2015 Full Faith and Credit	\$ 1,515,000	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ 1,315,000	\$ 225,000	
URA - 2020 Full Faith and Credit Refunding	1,792,700	-	244,900	1,547,800	248,500	
2024 General Obligation Bond	-	15,997,248	-	15,997,248	-	
Unamortized premium	150,930	832,982	33,787	950,125	58,611	
Total long-term debt	3,458,630	16,830,230	478,687	19,810,173	532,111	
Other long-term obligations						
Compensated absences	\$ 279,294	\$ 296,011	\$ 279,294	\$ 296,011	\$ 236,809	
Net pension liability	1,964,741	394,258		2,358,999	-	
Total long-term obligations - governmental activities	\$ 5,702,665	\$ 17,520,499	\$ 757,981	\$22,465,183	\$ 768,920	
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within	
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2024	One Year	
Business-type activities Long-term debt	July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Julie 30, 2024	One real	
General obligation bonds:						
2020 Full Faith and Credit Refunding Direct borrowing:	\$ 1,160,000	\$ -	\$ 362,100	\$ 797,900	\$ 366,000	
Clean Water State Revolving Loan	1,718,264	533,302	-	2,251,566	_	
Total long-term debt	2,878,264	533,302	362,100	3,049,466	366,000	
Other long-term obligations						
Compensated absences	85,980	99,523	85,980	99,523	79,618	
Net pension liability	647,048	108,133		755,181		
Total long-term obligations - business-type activities	\$ 3,611,292	\$ 740,958	\$ 448,080	\$ 3,904,170	\$ 445,618	

#### NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

#### Governmental activities long-term debt obligations:

Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 – The Urban Renewal Agency issued \$2,690,000 of bonds secured by the City's full faith and credit. Interest on the bonds range from 2% - 4% depending on maturity dates.

Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds, Series 2020 – The Urban Renewal Agency issued \$2,530,400 of refunding bonds to refund previously issued long-term obligations secured by the City's full faith and credit. Interest on the refunding bonds is a fixed rate of 1.49%.

2024 General Obligation Bond – The City issued \$15,997,248 of general obligation bonds secured by the City's full faith and credit, funded annually by a special tax levy. Interest on the bonds range from 4% - 5% depending on maturity dates.

#### Business-type activities long-term debt obligations:

Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds, Series 2020 – The City issued \$2,125,300 of refunding bonds to refund series 2010 Sewer bond and a clean water revolving state revolving loan previously issued. Interest on the refunding bonds is a fixed rate of 1.49%.

Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund – The City signed a Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund agreement in October 2020 to borrow \$2,700,000 for the purpose of improving the wastewater treatment plant. The funds are issued on a reimbursement basis and repayment will begin upon completion of the project.

#### Future maturities of long-term obligations

As of June 30, 2024, the future maturities of long-term obligations are as follows:

## Governmental activities:

URA - 2015 Full Faith and URA - 2020 Full Faith and			aith and						amortized	Total							
Fiscal		Cre	dit		Credit Re	efun	ding		2024 General Obligation Bond			Premium		Governmental Activities			
Year		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Am	ortization		Principal		Interest
2025	\$	225,000	\$	52,600	\$ 248,500	\$	23,062	\$	-	\$	739,445	\$	58,611	\$	532,111	\$	815,107
2026		250,000		43,600	252,200		19,360		170,000		599,550		58,611		730,811		662,510
2027		260,000		33,600	256,000		15,602		220,000		592,750		58,611		794,611		641,952
2028		280,000		23,200	259,800		11,787		260,000		583,950		58,611		858,411		618,937
2029		300,000		12,000	263,700		7,916		295,000		573,550		56,469		915,169		593,466
2030-34		-		-	267,600		3,987		2,145,000		2,655,750		165,495		2,578,095		2,659,737
2035-39		-		-	-		-		3,605,000		2,028,000		165,495		3,770,495		2,028,000
2040-44		-		-	-		-		2,422,248		4,182,280		165,495		2,587,743		4,182,280
2045-49		-		-	-		-		6,880,000		866,200		162,727		7,042,727		866,200
	\$	1,315,000	\$	165,000	\$ 1,547,800	\$	81,714	\$	15,997,248	\$	12,821,475	\$	950,125	\$	19,810,173	\$	13,068,189

## NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Future maturities of long-term obligations (continued)

Business-type activities:

For governmental activities compensated absences, pension and OPEB liabilities are generally liquidated by the fund in which they were incurred, including the General, Library, Street, Sewer, Water and Stormwater Funds.

	20	020 Full Fait	h an	d Credit		Tot	tal				
Fiscal		Refun	ding			ctivities					
Year		Principal		nterest	erest Principal			Interest			
2025	\$	366,000	\$	11,888	\$	366,000	\$	11,888			
2026		141,900		6,436		141,900		6,436			
2027		144,000		4,322		144,000		4,322			
2028		146,000		2,176		146,000		2,176			
						_					
	\$	797,900	\$	24,822	\$	797,900	\$	24,822			

## **NOTE 9 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

The interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	_				1	ransfers in							Т	ransfers in				
	_			Go	verr	nmental activi	ties				_	Bus	ines	ss-type activi	ties	<u>s</u>		
		General		Street	Ca	pital Projects		vernmental non-cash		Nonmajor vernmental		Water		Sewer		Stormwater (nonmajor)		Total
Townsfers and	_	General	_	Street	_	- Police		non-cash	gov	/emmental	_	water	_	Sewer	_	(nonnajor)	_	TOTAL
Transfers out:																		
Governmental activities General	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	87,141	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	87,141
Library	•	91,226	•	_		-	•		·	_	•	_	•	_	•	-	*	91,226
Street		68,420		_						38,300				_		-		106,720
Urban Renewal Agency		5,701		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,701
Nonmajor governmental		943,449		1,440,714		-		-		88,813		375,501		-		136,845		2,985,322
Governmental non-cash		-		-		_		-		_		34,106		139,491		157,129		330,726
Business-type activities																		
Water		119,241		-		-		557,482		24,858		-		-		-		701,581
Sewer		262,275		-		-		36,396		276,839		5,000		-		-		580,510
Stormwater (nonmajor)	_	22.807	_	<del></del>	_	<del>-</del>	_			28,058	_		_		_	<del>-</del>	_	50,865
	\$	1,513,119	\$	1,440,714	\$		\$	593,878	\$	544,009	\$	414,607	\$	139,491	\$	293,974	\$	4,939,792

As part of the budget, the City anticipates making interfund transfers to move resources between funds to provide resources for specific expenditures that are not supported by other revenues. Non-cash transfers occurred when capital assets were acquired that will be used in the operation of different fund's resources.

## NOTE 9 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The primary purpose for significant transfers includes the following:

- The Capital Projects fund closed and transferred residual balances to the following funds:
  - o General \$868,449
  - o Street \$590,714
  - o Combined Water \$512,346
  - o Non major funds \$116,999
- Street fund received \$850,000 from non-major funds for capital expenditures
- The Water fund had non-cash transfers to the governmental funds totaling \$557,482 for assets placed in service.
- Governmental funds had non-cash transfers to Water, Sewer, and nonmajor Stormwater totaling \$330,726 for capital assets placed in service.

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - OPERS**

#### Plan Description

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems (OPERS).

The OPERS consists of a single cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The Oregon Legislature has delegated the authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system.

OPERS produces an independently audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which includes detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The report can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2023-ACFR.pdf

#### Description of benefit terms

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A.

PERS Pension (Chapter 238) (Tier 1/Tier 2 retirement benefit)

The Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirement Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

<u>Pension benefits:</u> The OPERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (1.67% for general service employees and 2% for police and fire employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55, and police and fire members after age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60.

<u>Death benefits:</u> Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by an OPERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of OPERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in an OPERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from an OPERS-covered job at the time of death.

<u>Disability benefits</u>: A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including OPERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of OPERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 for general service members and age 55 for police and fire members when determining the monthly benefit.

<u>Benefit changes after retirement:</u> Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes.

Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (Chapter 238A) (OPSRP)
The OPSRP pension program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

<u>Pension benefits:</u> This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

- General service: 1.5% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 vears of retirement credit.
- Police and fire: 1.8% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 60, or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

<u>Death benefits:</u> Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50% of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

<u>Disability benefits</u>: A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled, or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury, shall receive a disability benefit of 45% of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

<u>Benefit changes after retirement:</u> Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes.

#### Contributions and funding policy

OPERS funding policy provides for periodic member and employer contributions at actuarial determined rates, subject to limits set in statute. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Tier 1/Tier 2 employer contribution rates are 14.67% and the OPSRP employer contribution rates are 9.54% for general service employees. Police and fire employee OPSRP rates are 14.33%. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$577,829.

Normal Cost Rate: The PVFNC represents the portion of the projected long-term contribution effort related to future service. An employer's PVFNC depends on both the normal cost rates charged on the employer's payrolls, and on the underlying demographics of the respective payrolls. For OPERS funding, employers have up to three different payrolls, each with a different normal cost rate: (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll, (2) OPSRP general service payroll, and (3) OPSRP police and fire payroll.

<u>UAL Rate</u>: A UAL can arise when an event such as experience differing from the assumptions used in the actuarial valuation occurs. An amortization schedule is established to eliminate the UAL that arises over a fixed period of time if future experience follows assumption. The UAL Rate is the upcoming year's component of the cumulative amortization schedules, stated as a percent of payroll. The UAL represents the portion of the projected long-term contribution effort related to past service.

After the employer's projected long-term contribution effort is calculated, that amount is reduced by the value of the employer's supplemental lump-sum payments, known as side accounts, transition surpluses and pre-SLGRP (State and Local Government Rate Pool) surpluses as of the valuation date. Side accounts decrease the employer's projected long-term contribution effort because side accounts are effectively prepaid contributions. The employer's projected long-term contribution effort does not include payments toward the current value of transition liabilities and pre-SLGRP liabilities.

At June 30, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.01662609%, which was a decrease of 0.00043105% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

#### Pension expense

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$67,054.

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are calculated at the plan level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share.

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and changes in employer proportionate are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees, determined at the beginning of the respective measurement period. Employers are required to recognize pension expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period.

The net difference between projected and actual investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed five-year period.

At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	152,293	\$	12,348	
Changes in assumptions		276,645		2,063	
Net difference between projected and actual earning	S				
on pension plan investments		55,975		-	
Changes in proportionate share		144,232		177,409	
Differences between contributions and proportionate					
share of system contributions		293,958		39,800	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		577,829		_	
	\$	1,500,932	\$	231,620	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement in the amount of \$577,829 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:		
2025	\$	205,787
2026		(7,778)
2027		340,011
2028		131,279
2029		22,184
	<u>\$</u>	691,483

Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing the total pension liability

The total pension liability measured as of June 30, 2023 was based on an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 using the following methods and assumptions:

Experience study report 2020, published July 20, 2021

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Inflation rate 2.4% Long-term expected rate of return 6.9% Discount rate 6.9%

Administrative expenses – Tier 1/Tier 2 \$59 million per year added to normal cost and

allocated between Tier One/Tier Two and

OPSRP based on valuation payroll

Projected salary increases 3.4%

Cost of living adjustments (COLA) Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA

(1.25%/.015) in accordance with *Moro* decision; blend based on service

Mortality Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:

Pub-2010 Health Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-

backs as described in the valuation.

**Active members:** 

Pub-2010 employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as

described in the valuation.

Disabled retirees:

Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-

backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2020 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2020.

#### **UAL** amortization

The Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL amortization period was reset to 20 years as of December 31, 2013. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll (Tier 1/ Tier 2 plus OPSRP payroll) over a closed 20-year period from the valuation in which they are first recognized. Senate Bill 1049 was signed into law in June 2019 and required a one-time re-amortization of Tier One/Tier Two UAL over a closed 22-year period at the December 31, 2019 rate-setting actuarial valuation, which set actuarially determined contribution rates for the 2021-2023 biennium. Future Tier One/Tier Two UAL gains or losses will be amortized over 20 years. The closed period amortization under Senate Bill 1049 will continue to decline, and has 20 years remaining as of the December 31, 2021 valuation.

The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 is amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll (Tier 1/ Tier 2 plus OPSRP payroll) over a closed period 16-year period. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations are amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll over 16 years from the valuation in which they are first recognized.

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9%, a reduction from 7.2% from the prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Assumed asset allocation

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
Cash	0.00%
Debt securities	20.00%
Public equity	30.00%
Private equity	20.00%
Real estate	12.50%
Real assets	7.50%
Diversifying strategies	7.50%
Risk parity	2.50%
	100.00%

Long-term expected rate of return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in January 2023 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both the actuary's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on forward-looking capital market economic model.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return 1			20-Year	
		Annual	Annualized	Annual
	Target	Arithmetic	Geometric	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return 2	Mean	Deviation
Global Equity	27.50 %	8.57 %	7.07 %	17.99 %
Private Equity	25.50	12.89	8.83	30.00
Core Fixed Income	25.00	4.59	4.50	4.22
Real Estate	12.25	6.90	5.83	15.13
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75	9.41	6.02	27.04
Infrastructure	1.5	7.88	6.51	17.11
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrate	1.25	6.81	6.27	9.04
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63	7.39	6.48	12.04
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62	5.44	4.83	7.49
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.35 %	1.41 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the OIC Statement of Investment Objectives and Policy Framework for the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund, including revisions adopted at the OIC meeting on January 25, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The arithmetic mean is a component that goes into calculating the geometric mean. Expected rates of return are presented using the geometric mean, which the Board uses in setting the discount rate.

Depletion date projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the fiduciary net position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for OPERS:

- OPERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 67 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets
  earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or
  actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any
  adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is OPERS independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 67 would clearly indicate that the fiduciary net position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Changes in actuarial methods and assumptions

There have been no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions since the December 31, 2020 valuation.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.9%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.9%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.9%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Lower	Discount Rate	1% Higher				
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 5,144,040	\$ 3,114,180	\$ 1,415,403				

## NOTE 11 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN - OPERS INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNT PROGRAM

#### Plan description

Individual account program (IAP) - Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plan also participate in the defined contribution plan.

#### Pension benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

#### Death benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN - OPERS INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNT PROGRAM

#### Contributions

Starting July 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required a portion of member contributions to their IAP accounts to be redirected to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. If the member earns more than \$2,500 per month (increased to \$3,333 per month on January 1, 2022) 0.65 percent (if OPSRP member) or 2.4 percent (if Tier One/Tier Two member) of the member's contributions that were previously contributed to the member's IAP now fund the new Employee Pension Stability Accounts (EPSA). The EPSA accounts will be used to fund the cost of future pension benefits without changing those benefits, which means reduced contributions to the member's IAP account. Members may elect to make voluntary IAP contributions equal to the amount redirected.

The City makes the employee contributions of 6% of covered payroll to the IAP. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$265,080.

#### Recordkeeping

PERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN - RHIA

#### Plan description

The City contributes to the Oregon PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. The RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by PERS. Contributions are mandatory for each employer that is a member of PERS.

The Oregon Legislature has delegated the authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system.

OPERS produces an independently audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which includes detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The report can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2023-ACFR.pdf

## Description of benefit terms

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statues Chapters 238 and 238A.

The RHIA is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Other Postemployment Healthcare benefits

Eligible retired members receive a monthly healthcare benefit for life up to \$60 toward the monthly cost health insurance.

To be eligible, the member must:

- Have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a
  disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS
- 2) Receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage
- 3) Enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan

## Surviving spouse or dependent benefits

A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

## Contributions

OPERS funding policy provides for periodic member and employer contributions at the rates established by the Public Employees Retirement Board, subject to limits set in statute. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The City contributed 0.05% of PERS-covered salaries for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIA benefits. Since the funded status of the RHIA UAL is in excess of 100%, no contributions were required to fund the RHIA UAL. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City made contributions in the amount of \$154 to the RHIA.

Net OPEB liability/(asset), pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits

#### Net OPEB liability (asset)

At June 30, 2024, the City reported an (asset) of \$(167,814) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset). The net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) was based on its actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year with the total actual contributions of all employers during the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.04583002%, which was an increase of 0.01020256% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

OPEB expense

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense(revenue) of \$(45,115).

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are calculated at the plan level and are allocated to employers based on their proportionate share. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023, employers will report the following deferred inflows or resources and/or deferred outflows of resources:

Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in employer proportion since the prior measurement date Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and changes in employer proportionate are amortized over the average remaining service lives of all plan participants, including retirees, determined at the beginning of the respective measurement period. Employers are required to recognize OPEB expense based on the balance of the closed period "layers" attributable to each measurement period.

The net difference between projected and actual investment earnings attributable to each measurement period is amortized over a closed five-year period.

At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 d Outflows sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	4,213	
Changes in assumptions	-		1,809	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on investments	476		-	
Change in proportionate share	-		21,951	
City's contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 154		-	
	\$ 630	\$	27,973	

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$154 will be recognized as an adjustment to the net OPEB (asset) / liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2025	\$ (25,494)
2026	(10,430)
2027	6,202
2028	2,224
2029	 
	\$ (27,497)

## Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total OPEB liability

Except as identified below, actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing the total OPEB liability are the same as those used to develop the total PERS pension liability as discussed in note 10.

#### Retiree healthcare participation

Healthy retirees are assumed to participate 27.5% of the time while disabled retirees are assumed to participate 15% of the time.

## Healthcare cost trend rate

A healthcare cost trend rate is not utilized in the actuarial valuation as statue stipulates a \$60 monthly payment to retirees for health insurance.

#### Depletion date projection

GASB 75 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total OPEB Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the fiduciary net position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 75 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 75 does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS (OPERS):

- OPERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 75 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets
  earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or
  actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any
  adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is OPERS independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 75 would clearly indicate that the fiduciary net position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.9%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.9%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.9%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate_	1% Increase			
Net other postemployment benefit liability (asset)	\$	(152,543)	\$	(167,814)	\$	(180,916)		

#### NOTE 13 - OREGON TEAMSTER EMPLOYER'S TRUST PLAN

The Oregon Teamster Employer's Trust Plan (the Trust) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer post employment defined benefit plan that provides eligible retirees medical insurance who participate in the Trust. This plan has assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The Trust does not issue a publicly available financial report.

## NOTE 13 - OREGON TEAMSTER EMPLOYER'S TRUST PLAN (Continued)

Eligible employees are defined as those employees working both within the public works classification and in non-supervisory roles, and who receive a minimum of one hundred twenty (120) hours of compensation in a calendar month. As of June 30, 2024, the Trust has 17 employees participating in the Trust.

The program allows eligible retirees and their dependents to purchase continuation coverage under the Trust's health insurance plans from the date of retirement until eligibility for Medicare. The City is required by ORS 243.303 to provide retirees with group health insurance from the date of retirement to age 65 at the same rate provided to current employees.

The City's required contributions per eligible employee are \$74 per month under the current collective bargaining agreement, which expires on June 30, 2025. The City's total contributions to the Trust for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$9,916.

#### NOTE 14 - NET POSITION RESTRICTED THROUGH ENABLING LEGISLATION

As of June 30, 2024, the amount of net position restricted by enabling legislation is as follows:

#### Governmental activities

System development – Ordinances imposing System Development Charges (SDC) restrict the use to capital improvements which expand the capacity of the system for which the charge was made

\$ 3,698,029

#### Business-type activities

System development – Ordinances imposing System Development Charges (SDC) restrict the use to capital improvements which expand the capacity of the system for which the charge was made

2,317,330

#### **NOTE 15 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

The City has entered into property tax abatement agreements whereby the assessed value of property tax has been reduced under ORS 285C for partial abatement on enterprise zones. As a result, the City's property tax revenue from the year ended June 30, 2024 has been abated by \$16,107, of which \$3,088 relates to the Urban Renewal Agency.

# CITY OF MOLALLA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS**

At June 30, 2023, the City has contract commitments on the Police Facility project totaling \$320,716, the Molalla Waterline project totaling \$838,664, and Yeltus Park improvements totaling \$179,468. The Police Facility project is expected to cost \$16,800,000 in total over the next few years.

# **NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent to June 30, 2024, a new Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Loan in the amount of \$33,250,000 was entered into for construction of the upgraded Wastewater Treatment Plant. An additional \$335,876 has been drawn down on the existing loan.





GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget							
		Original	<b>15</b> 00	Final		Actual		Variance
Revenues						1100000		
Property taxes	\$	3,975,678	\$	3,975,678	\$	3,995,958	\$	20,280
Franchise fees	Ψ	293,650	Ψ	293,650	Ψ	346,232	Ψ	52,582
Licenses, permits and fees		56,840		56,840		70,076		13,236
Fines and forfeitures		155,000		155,000		172,753		17,753
Charges for services		694,581		694,581		669,495		(25,086)
Intergovernmental		526,600		526,600		536,955		10,355
Donations		1,700		1,700		119,853		118,153
Interest		95,182		95,182		158,575		63,393
Miscellaneous		15,000	_	15,000	_	29,535	_	14,535
Total revenues	_	5,814,231	_	5,814,231	_	6,099,432	_	285,201
Expenditures								
Adminstration		1,358,478		1,617,678		1,616,876		802
Police		3,819,170		4,120,170		3,983,019		137.151
Municipal court		232.985		237,985		237.014		971
City council		69,810		77,810		63,502		14,308
Parks		195,669		608,366		474,085		134,281
Planning		324,719		324,719		277.972		46,747
Contingency		1,500,000		1,239,800		-		1,239,800
Contingency		1,000,000		1,200,000	_			1,200,000
Total expenditures	_	7,500,831	_	8,226,528	_	6,652,468	_	1,574,060
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,686,600)	_	(2,412,297)		(553,036)	_	1,859,261
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		<u> </u>	_	725,697	_	943,449	_	217,752
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>	_	725,697	_	943,449	_	217,752
Net change in fund balance		(1,686,600)		(1,686,600)		390,413		2,077,013
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,564,850	_	2,564,850	_	2,976,331	_	411,481
Fund balance at end of year	\$	878,250	\$	878,250		3,366,744	<u>\$</u>	2,488,494
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles								
Accounts receivable						421,177		
Property tax receivable						144,540		
Prepaid items						33,852		
Accounts payable						(60,549)		
Accrued payroll						(96,177)		
Unavailable revenue - franchise fees						(140,550)		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes					_	(113,871)		
Fund balance at end of year, GAAP Basis					\$	3,555,166		

LIBRARY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Bud	get					
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Revenues							_	
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	3,949	\$	1,949
Charges for services		1,300		1,300		2,153		853
Intergovernmental		1,155,000		1,155,000		1,151,337		(3,663)
Donations		1,250		1,250		2,570		1,320
Interest		76,989		76,989		153,859		76,870
Miscellaneous		300	_	300	_	15	_	(285)
Total revenues		1,236,839	_	1,236,839		1,313,883	_	77,044
Expenditures								
Library		3,718,087		3,718,087		1,065,462		2,652,625
Contingency		400,000	_	400,000	_	<u>-</u>	_	400,000
Total expenditures		4,118,087		4,118,087	_	1,065,462	_	3,052,625
Net change in fund balance		(2,881,248)		(2,881,248)		248,421		3,129,669
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	3,093,589	_	3,093,589	_	3,157,486	_	63,897
Fund balance at end of year	\$	212,341	<u>\$</u>	212,341		3,405,907	<u>\$</u>	3,193,566
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles	S							
Accounts receivable						1,230		
Accrued payroll						(6,607)		
Accounts payable						(4,944)		
Fund balance at end of year, GAAP Basis					\$	3,395,586		

STREET FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Buc	iget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues		,		
Franchise fees	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,000	\$ <del>-</del>
Licenses, permits and fees	210,000	210,000	211,561	1,561
Intergovernmental	-	-	259,758	259,758
Fuel taxes	815,000	815,000	810,401	(4,599)
Interest	36,337	36,337	114,952	78,615
Miscellaneous			189,389	189,389
Total revenues	1,241,337	1,241,337	1,766,061	524,724
Expenditures				
Street				
Operations	1,067,926	2,987,454	1,314,527	1,672,927
Contingency	500,000	500,000		500,000
Total expenditures	1,567,926	3,487,454	1,314,527	2,172,927
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(326,589)	(2,246,117)	451,534	2,697,651
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	1,919,528	1,440,714	(478,814)
Transfers out	(348,300)	(348,300)	(38,300)	310,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(348,300)	1,571,228	1,402,414	(168,814)
Net change in fund balance	(674,889)	(674,889)	1,853,948	2,528,837
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,681,916	1,681,916	1,692,176	10,260
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,007,027	\$ 1,007,027	3,546,124	\$ 2,539,097
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles				
Accounts receivable			198,940	
Accounts payable			(74,312)	
Accrued payroll			(18,691)	
Unavailable revenue - franchise fees			(90,000)	
Fund balance at end of year, GAAP Basis			\$ 3,562,061	

URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Bud	lget	ì				
		Original		Final	Actual			Variance
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	922,500	\$	922,500	\$	947,913	\$	25,413
Interest		77,024	_	77,024		154,362	_	77,338
Total revenues		999,524	_	999,524	_	1,102,275		102,751
Expenditures								
Urban renewal		2,409,278		2,409,278		641,800		1,767,478
Debt service		532,211		532,211		532,211		-
Contingency		9,300	_	9,300			_	9,300
Total expenditures		2,950,789	_	2,950,789		1,174,011		1,776,778
Net change in fund balance		(1,951,265)		(1,951,265)		(71,736)		1,879,529
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	2,501,265	_	2,501,265		3,149,727	_	648,462
Fund balance at end of year	\$	550,000	\$	550,000		3,077,991	\$	2,527,991
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles								
Property tax receivables						32,484		
Loans receivable						200,000		
Accounts payable						(658)		
Unavailabe revenue - property taxes						(25,508)		
Fund balance at end of year, GAAP Basis					\$	3,284,309		

#### **NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

On or before June 30 of each year, the City enacts a resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying the property taxes. Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to a budget committee consisting of members of the City Council and a like number of interested citizens. The budget committee presents the budget to the City Council for budget hearings prior to enactment of the resolution. The City budgets all funds as required by Oregon Local Budget Law. The basis of budgeting for all major funds is the modified cash basis.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the legal level of control by which the expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures by department as established by the resolution are the legal level of control for the General Fund. Expenditure categories of fund operations, capital outlay, debt service, operating transfers, and contingency are the legal level of control for all other funds. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific information for the above mentioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget, with some exceptions. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and adoption by the City Council. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriations transfers between the legal levels of control within a fund. Such transfers require approval by the City Council.

The following changes to budget were recognized during the year:

- On February 28, 2024, the City Council authorized a transfer of appropriations from the Capital Projects – Police fund and increased appropriations for General fund parks and administration departments and Street fund operations.
- On May 8, 2024, The City Council authorized a transfer of appropriations from the Capital Projects
   Police fund to the General fund police department.
- On June 26, 2024, the City Council approved adjustments to the General fund increasing administration, police, municipal court, and council, and decreasing contingency.
- On June 28, 2024, the City Council approved an adjustment to the General fund increasing parks and decreasing administration.

During the year, the City closed the Capital Projects fund.

# NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES TO BUDGETARY BASIS

The budget of the City is prepared differently from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Therefore, the schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (budgetary basis) – budget and actual for the General Fund and each Major Special Revenue Fund are presented on a budgetary basis and are adjusted to the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – governmental funds in accordance with GAAP. The following is a reconciliation of the differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP for revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses for the aforementioned schedules:

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES TO BUDGETARY BASIS (Continued)

General	Library	Street	URA
\$ 543,901	\$ 251,060	\$ 1,600,053	\$ 350,637
(204,942)	(1,230)	189,516	(199,243)
55,265			5,165
(149,677)	(1,230)	189,516	(194,078)
(3,811)	(1,409)	64,379	(228,295)
\$ 390,413	\$ 248,421	\$ 1,853,948	\$ (71,736)
	\$ 543,901 (204,942) 55,265 (149,677)	\$ 543,901 \$ 251,060 (204,942) (1,230) 55,265 - (149,677) (1,230)	\$ 543,901 \$ 251,060 \$ 1,600,053 (204,942) (1,230) 189,516 55,265

In addition, a reconciliation of the differences between budgetary basis and GAAP in beginning and ending fund balances is as follows:

		General		Library	Street			URA
Beginning fund balances - generally						_		_
accepted accounting principles basis	\$	3,011,265	\$	3,144,526	\$	1,962,008	\$	2,933,672
Differences in revenue recognition		(161,619)		-		(388,456)		(33,241)
Differences in expenditure recognition		126,685	_	12,960		118,624	_	249,296
Beginning fund balance - budgetary basis	\$	2,976,331	\$	3,157,486	\$	1,692,176	\$	3,149,727
Ending fund balances - generally								
accepted accounting principles basis	\$	3,555,166	\$	3,395,586	\$	3,562,061	\$	3,284,309
Differences in revenue recognition		(311,296)		(1,230)		(198,940)		(232,484)
Differences in expenditures recognition	_	122,874		11,551		183,003		26,166
Ending fund balance - budgetary basis	\$	3,366,744	\$	3,405,907	\$	3,546,124	\$	3,077,991

# SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Plan Years Ended June 30, \*

Year Ended June 30,	City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	City cove payı	red	City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2023	0.01662609%	\$ 3,114,180	\$ 4,	473,010	70%	85%
2022	0.01705714%	2,611,789	4,	334,032	60%	85%
2021	0.01812095%	2,168,441	3,	640,295	60%	88%
2020	0.01783089%	3,891,314	3,	519,985	111%	76%
2019	0.01439485%	2,489,964	3,	497,725	71%	80%
2018	0.01689245%	2,558,984	3,	248,982	79%	82%
2017	0.15171290%	2,045,096	2,	993,583	68%	83%
2016	0.01652462%	2,480,729	2,	891,160	86%	81%
2015	0.01495015%	951,263	2,	627,835	36%	92%
2014	0.01495015%	(338,877)	2,	773,860	-12%	104%

#### Notes to schedule

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions**

Benefit Terms: The 2013 Oregon Legislature made a series of changes to PERS that lowered projected future benefit payments from the System. These changes included reductions to future Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) made through Senate Bills 822 and 861. Senate Bill 822 also required the contribution rates scheduled to be in effect from July 2013 to June 2015 to be reduced. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

Assumptions: The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability and June 30, 2018 total pension liability. For June 30, 2016, the changes included the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation to 2.50 percent. For June 30, 2018, the long-term expected rate of return was lowered to 7.20 percent. For June 30, 2021, the long-term expected rate of return was lowered to 6.90 percent, and the inflation rate was lowered from 2.5 to 2.4 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions were updated for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated. There were no changes for the years ended June 30, 2022 or 2023.

# SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years Ended June 30, \*

Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily required contribution		nded required		required required			Contribution deficiency (excess)			City's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2024	\$	577,829	\$	577,829	\$	-	\$	4,915,182	11.76%			
2023		649,928		649,928		-		4,473,010	14.53%			
2022		628,354		628,354		-		4,334,032	14.50%			
2021		525,575		525,575		-		3,640,295	14.44%			
2020		483,896		483,896		-		3,519,985	13.75%			
2019		348,046		348,046		-		3,497,725	9.95%			
2018		323,855		323,855		-		3,248,982	9.97%			
2017		218,329		218,329		-		2,993,583	7.29%			
2016		320,569		320,569		-		2,891,160	11.09%			
2015		722,439		722,439		-		2,627,835	27.49%			

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY (ASSET) OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Plan Years Ended June 30, \*

Year Ended June 30,	City's proportion of the net OPEB llability (asset)	prop sha n	net OPEB covered		City's covered payroll	City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB Ilability
2023	0.04583002%	\$	(167,814)	\$	4,473,010	-4%	202%
2022	0.03562746%		(126,597)		4,334,032	-3%	195%
2021	0.02755119%		(94,611)		3,640,295	-3%	184%
2020	0.02026147%		(41,285)		3,519,985	-1%	150%
2019	0.02844408%		(54,964)		3,497,725	-2%	144%
2018	0.02720970%		(30,373)		3,248,982	-1%	124%
2017	0.02671796%		(11,150)		2,993,583	0%	109%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

#### Notes to schedule Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions:

Actuarial valuation	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2013
Effective:	July 2023 - June 2025	July 2021 - June 2023	July 2019 - June 2021	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2016 - June 2017
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal				
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll				
	closed	closed	closed	closed	closed
Amortization period:	10 years				
Asset valuation method:	Market value				
Remaining amortization periods:	10 years	10 years	10 years	20 years	20 years
Actuarial assumptions:					
Inflation rate	2,40 percent	2.40 percent	2.50 percent	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Health cost trend rates	None	None	None	None	None
Projected salary increase	3,40 percent	3.40 percent	3,50 percent	3.50 percent	3.75 percent
Investment rate of return	6.90 percent	6.90 percent	7.20 percent	7.20 percent	7.75 percent

# SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT CONTRIBUTIONS OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years Ended June 30,\*

Year Ended June 30,	re	ntutorily equired tribution	in re the s	tributions elation to statutorily equired tribution	Contribut deficiend (excess	СУ	_	City's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2024	\$	154	\$	154	\$	-	\$	4,915,182	0.00%
2023		903		903		-		4,473,010	0.02%
2022		878		878		-		4,334,032	0.02%
2021		737		737		_		3,640,295	0.02%
2020		1,447		1,447		-		3,519,985	0.04%
2019		14,097		14,097		-		3,497,725	0.40%
2018		13,175		13,175		_		3,248,982	0.41%
2017		13,302		13,302		_		2,993,583	0.44%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
OREGON TEAMSTER EMPLOYER'S TRUST
Last 10 Fiscal Years Ended June 30,\*

 Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			Contribution deficiency (excess)	
\$ 9,916	\$	9,916	\$		-
10,249		10,249			-
10,432		10,432			-
9,472		9,472			-
8,396		8,396			-
8,400		8,400			-
3,816		3,816			_
\$	required contribution  \$ 9,916 10,249 10,432 9,472 8,396 8,400	required contribution  \$ 9,916 \$ 10,249	Contractually required contribution	### Contractually required contribution  \$ 9,916 \$ 9,916 \$ 10,249   10,432	Contractually required contribution   Section 10,249   10,432   10,432   9,472   8,396   8,400   8,400   Contribution the contractually required contribution   Contribution deficiency (excess)

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

# COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

POLICE STATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND (MAJOR FUND)
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual		Variance		
Revenues						
Interest	\$	<u>    \$                                </u>	272,216	\$	272,216	
Total revenues			272,216		272,216	
Expenditures						
Materials and services		-	312,558		(312,558) *	
Capital outlay			592,879		(592,879) *	
Total expenditures			905,437		(905,437)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			(633,221)		(633,221)	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of long-term obligations			16,830,230		16,830,230	
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>	16,830,230	:	16,830,230	
Net change in fund balance		- :	16,197,009	:	16,197,009	
Fund balance at beginning of year			<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>:</u> :	16,197,009	\$ :	16,197,009	
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles Accounts payable			(251,591)			
Fund balance at end of year, GAAP Basis		\$ :	15,945,418			

<sup>\*</sup>Per ORS 294.338(4), appropriations associated with a bond approved by the voters and sold during a budget period do not result in an over expenditure of appropriations.

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Combining statements for all individual nonmajor special revenue and capital project funds are reported in this section. The combined totals are reported in the combining nonmajor governmental fund statements. Fund statements for major special revenue funds are reported in the basic financial statements.

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Budgetary Basis) – Budget and Actual are also presented in this section for each individual nonmajor special revenue fund. Budget and actual comparisons for major special revenue funds are reported in the basic financial statements.

#### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

**Police Department Restricted Revenue Fund** – This fund accounts for revenues received that are restricted for public safety and associated expenditures.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

#### **Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds**

**Parks System Development Fund** – This fund is financed through a system of development charges levied on all new construction in the City. Revenues are used for improvement to City parks.

**Capital Projects** – This fund accounts for major construction projects or equipment acquisition. During fiscal year 2023-24, this fund was closed.

**Transportation Systems Development Fund** – This fund is financed through a system development charge levied on all new construction in the City. Revenues are used for improvements to City transportation systems.

**Fleet Replacement Fund** – This fund accounts for revenue and expenditures associated with purchases and replacement of vehicles.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

	F Dep Res	Special Revenue Police Department Restricted Revenue		tal Nonmajor oital Projects	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,723	\$	4,052,169	\$ 4,059,892
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	7,723	\$	4,052,169	\$ 4,059,892
Fund balances					
Restricted for:					
System development	\$	=	\$	3,698,029	\$ 3,698,029
Police department		7,723		-	7,723
Committed for:					
Fleet replacement		<del>_</del>		354,140	 354,140
Total fund balances	\$	7,723	\$	4,052,169	\$ 4,059,892

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Police Department Restricted Revenue	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues					
Donations	\$ 5,631		\$ 5,631		
System development charges	<del>-</del>	395,560	395,560		
Intergovernmental	50,000		50,000		
Interest	381	183,297	183,678		
Miscellaneous	329	<del>-</del>	329		
Total revenues	56,341	578,857	635,198		
Expenditures					
Current					
Public safety	2,411	-	2,411		
Capital outlay		376,617	376,617		
Total expenditures	2,411	376,617	379,028		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	53,930	202,240	256,170		
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	=	544,009	544,009		
Transfers out	(50,000)	(2,935,322)	(2,985,322)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(50,000)	(2,391,313)	(2,441,313)		
Net change in fund balances	3,930	(2,189,073)	(2,185,143)		
Fund balances at beginning of year, as previously presented	3,793	4,399,780	4,403,573		
Change within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund)		1,841,462	1,841,462		
Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated	3,793	6,241,242	6,245,035		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 7,723	\$ 4,052,169	\$ 4,059,892		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS June 30, 2024

		Parks System Development Charges		Transportation System Development Charges		Fleet Replacement		Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,904,535	\$	1,793,494	\$	354,140	\$	4,052,169
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,904,535	\$	1,793,494	\$	354,140	\$	4,052,169
Fund balances								
Restricted for:								
System development	\$	1,904,535	\$	1,793,494	\$	-	\$	3,698,029
Committed for:								
Fleet replacement		-				354,140	_	354,140
Total fund balances	\$	1,904,535	Ś	1,793,494	\$	354,140	Ś	4,052,169

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Parks System Development Charges	Capital Projects	Transportation System Development Charges	Fleet Replacement	Total
Revenues					
System development charges Interest	\$ 114,017 86,678		\$ 281,543 70,614	26,005	\$ 395,560 183,297
Total revenues	200,695	<u> </u>	352,157	26,005	578,857
Expenditures					
Capital outlay		<u> </u>		376,617	376,617
Total expenditures	-			376,617	376,617
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	200,695	<u>-</u>	352,157	(350,612)	202,240
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	168,860	116,999	258,150	544,009
Transfers out	(75,000	) (2,010,322)	(850,000)		(2,935,322)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(75,000	)(1,841,462)	(733,001)	258,150	(2,391,313)
Net change in fund balances	125,695	(1,841,462)	(380,844)	(92,462)	(2,189,073)
Fund balances at beginning of year, as previously presented	1,778,840	-	2,174,338	446,602	4,399,780
Change within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund)		1,841,462			1,841,462
Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated	1,778,840	1,841,462	2,174,338	446,602	6,241,242
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,904,535	\$ -	\$ 1,793,494	\$ 354,140	\$ 4,052,169

PD RESTRICTED - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-
Donations	4,750		5,631		881
Interest	65		381		316
Miscellaneous	 300		329		29
Total revenues	 55,115		56,341		1,226
Expenditures					
Police Department	 7,466		2,411		5,055
Total expenditures	 7,466		2,411		5,055
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 47,649		53,930		6,281
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out	 (50,000)		(50,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (50,000)		(50,000)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	(2,351)		3,930		6,281
Fund balance at beginning of year	 2,351		3,793		1,442
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 	\$	7,723	\$	7,723

PARKS SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budast	A . A 1	Wastanaa
	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
System development charges	\$ 75,000	\$ 114,017	\$ 39,017
Interest	32,593	86,678	54,085
Total revenues	107,593	200,695	93,102
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers out	(75,000)	(75,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(75,000)	(75,000)	<del>-</del>
Net change in fund balance	32,593	125,695	93,102
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,449,581	1,778,840	329,259
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,482,174	\$ 1,904,535	\$ 422,361

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 211,670	\$ -	\$ (211,670)
Interest	57,232		(57,232)
Total revenues	268,902		(268,902)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	23,927,284	-	(23,927,284)
Transfers out	(25,487,509)	(2,010,322)	23,477,187
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,560,225)	(2,010,322)	(450,097)
Net change in fund balance	(1,291,323)	(2,010,322)	(718,999)
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,348,555	2,010,322	661,767
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 57,232	\$ -	\$ (57,232)

STREET SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
System development charges	\$ 150,000	\$ 281,543	\$ 131,543
Interest	46,794	70,614	23,820
Total revenues	196,794	352,157	155,363
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	116,999	116,999
Transfers out	(850,000)	(850,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(850,000)	(733,001)	116,999
Net change in fund balance	(653,206)	(380,844)	272,362
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,081,187	2,174,338	93,151
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,427,981	\$ 1,793,494	\$ 365,513

FLEET REPLACEMENT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues Interest	\$	13,258	\$	26,005	\$	12,747
interest	Ψ	13,238	Ψ	20,003	Ψ	12,141
Total revenues		13,258		26,005		12,747
Expenditures						
Fleet replacement		659,262	_	376,617		282,645
Total expenditures		659,262		376,617		282,645
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(646,004)		(350,612)		295,392
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		258,150	_	258,150		<del>-</del>
Total other financing sources (uses)		258,150		258,150		
Net change in fund balance		(387,854)		(92,462)		295,392
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		387,854	_	446,602		58,748
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	354,140	\$	354,140

#### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Enterprise funds are used to account for the acquisition, operations, maintenance and debt service of governmental facilities and services which are entirely or predominately self-supporting by user charges. Enterprise funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual accounting to report the results of operations.

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Budgetary Basis) – Budget and Actual are presented in this section for each individual enterprise fund.

# **Major Enterprise Funds**

**Water** – The Water Fund presented as a major fund in the basic financial statements consists of two separately budgeted funds as follows:

Water Fund –This fund accounts for the provision of water services to residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water system and billing and collection activities. The primary source of revenue is user fees and charges.

Water System Development Fund – This fund is financed through a system development charge levied on all new construction in the City. Revenues are used for improvements to water systems.

**Sewer** – The Sewer Fund presented as a major fund in the basic financial statements consists of three separately budgeted funds as follows:

Sewer Fund –This fund accounts for the provision of water services to residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the sewer system and billing and collection activities. The primary source of revenue is user fees and charges.

Sewer System Development Fund – This fund is financed through a system development charge levied on all new construction in the City. Revenues are used for improvements to sewer systems.

Sewer Debt Retirement Fund – This fund accounts for the debt service related to the 2020 Full Faith and Credit Refunding bond.

CWSRF Fund – This fund accounts for the debt service related to the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund loan.

#### **Nonmajor Enterprise Funds**

The nonmajor enterprise funds presented on the basic financial statements are two separately budgeted funds for the Stormwater system as follows:

Stormwater Fund – This fund accounts for the provision of stormwater services to residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the stormwater system and billing and collection activities. The primary source of revenue is user fees and charges.

Stormwater System Development Fund – This fund is financed through a system development charge levied on all new construction in the City. Revenues are used for improvements to stormwater systems.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
WATER FUND
June 30, 2024

	Water	Water System  Development Charges	Total Water Fund
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$ 3,350,66 266,01		\$ 3,821,776 266,011
Total current assets	3,616,67	9 471,108	4,087,787
Noncurrent assets Capital assets:			
Capital assets, nondepreciable	389,30	3 -	389,308
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,257,36		8,257,363
Total capital assets	8,646,67		8,646,671
Net other postemployment benefits asset	17,68		17,683
Total noncurrent assets	8,664,35		8,664,354
Total assets	12,281,03	3 471,108	12,752,141
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension related items	158,15	4 -	158,154
Other postemployment benefit related items	6	6	66
Total deferred outflows of resources	158,22	<u> </u>	158,220
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	256,09		256,099
Compensated absences	41,02		41,027
Total current liabilities	297,12	<u>-</u>	297,126
Noncurrent liabilities			
Compensated absences	10,25		10,257
Net pension liability	328,14	2	328,142
Total noncurrent liabilities	338,39	9	338,399
Total liabilities	635,52	<u>-</u>	635,525
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension related items	24,40	6 -	24,406
Other postemployment benefit related items	2,94	<u> </u>	2,948
Total deferred inflows of resources	27,35	4	27,354
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	8,932,72	4 -	8,932,724
Restricted for system development		- 471,108	471,108
Other purposes	17,68	-	17,683
Unrestricted	2,825,96	7	2,825,967
Total net position	\$ 11,776,37	\$ 471,108	\$ 12,247,482

# CITY OF MOLALLA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION WATER FUND Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Water	To	Total Water Fund			
Operating revenues	-	Water	Development Charges		tai watei Fullu		
Charges for services	\$	2,175,279	<u>\$</u>	\$	2,175,279		
Operating expenses							
Personnel services		803,334	-		803,334		
Materials and services		589,117	_		589,117		
Depreciation		328,121			328,121		
Total operating expenses		1,720,572			1,720,572		
Operating income (loss)		454,707			454,707		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Interest income		115,891	16,883		132,774		
Miscellaneous		3,351			3,351		
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		119,242	16,883		136,125		
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		573,949	16,883		590,832		
Capital contributions		-	115,391		115,391		
Transfers in		408,960	71,541		480,501		
Transfers out		(144,099)	(100,000)		(244,099)		
Transfers out - non-cash		(557,482)			(557,482)		
Change in net position		281,328	103,815		385,143		
Net position - beginning		11,495,046	367,293		11,862,339		
Net position - ending	\$	11,776,374	\$ 471,108	\$	12,247,482		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
WATER FUND
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Water	Water System Development Charges	Total Water Fund
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,189,096	\$ -	\$ 2,189,096
Payments to suppliers	(354,247)	· -	(354,247)
Payments to employees	(790,474)		(790,474)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,044,375		1,044,375
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
Miscellaneous	3,351	-	3,351
Transfers in	408,960	71,541	480,501
Transfers out	(144,099)	(100,000)	(244,099)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	268,212	(28,459)	239,753
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
System development charges received	<del>-</del>	115,391	115,391
Acquisition of capital assets	(621,341)		(621,341)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(621,341)	115,391	(505,950)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest on investments	115,891	16,883	132,774
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	807,137	103,815	910,952
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	2,543,531	367,293	2,910,824
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 3,350,668	<u>\$ 471,108</u>	\$ 3,821,776
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided			
by (used in) operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 454,707	\$ -	\$ 454,707
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)			
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	202.424		000 404
Depreciation	328,121	-	328,121
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources	13,817		13,817
Receivables, net  Net other postemployment benefits asset	(4,124)	_	(4,124)
Deferred outflows - pension related items	11,689	_	11,689
Deferred outflows - other postemployment benefit related items	137	_	137
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	234,870	-	234,870
Compensated absences	13,485	-	13,485
Net pension liability	48,403	-	48,403
Pension related items	(56,113)	-	(56,113)
Deferred inflows - other postemployment benefit related items	(617)		(617)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<b>\$ 1,044,375</b>	<u>\$</u>	<b>\$ 1,044,375</b>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH TRANSACTIONS			
Capital assets transferred to governmental activities	\$ (557,482)	\$ -	\$ (557,482)

WATER OPERATIONS - ENTERPRISE FUND (MAJOR FUND)
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget							
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	2,515,000	\$	2,515,000	\$	2,189,497	\$	(325,503)
Interest		52,053		52,053		115,891		63,838
Miscellaneous		<del>-</del>	_		_	2,950	_	2,950
Total revenues	_	2,567,053		2,567,053	_	2,308,338	_	(258,715)
Expenditures								
Water								
Operations		1,457,608		2,797,608		1,888,436		909,172
Contingency		500,000	_	465,000				465,000
Total expenditures	_	1,957,608		3,262,608	_	1,888,436	_	1,374,172
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	609,445	_	(695,555)		419,902		1,115,457
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		5,000		1,310,000		408,960		(901,040)
Transfers out		(1,176,725)	_	(1,176,725)	_	(21,725)	_	1,155,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,171,725)		133,275		387,235		253,960
Net change in fund balance		(562,280)		(562,280)		807,137		1,369,417
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	2,619,156	_	2,619,156	_	2,543,531	_	(75,625)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,056,876	\$	2,056,876		3,350,668	\$	1,293,792
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting princip	ples							
Receivable, net						266,011		
Capital assets, net						8,646,671		
Net OPEB asset						17,683		
Deferred outflows related to pension						158,154		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB						66		
Deferred inflows related to pension						(24,406)		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB						(2,948)		
Accounts payable						(256,099)		
Compensated absences						(51,284)		
Net pension liability						(328,142)		
Net position at end of year, GAAP Basis					\$	11,776,374		

WATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES - WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget		Actual	 ariance
Revenues				
System development charges	\$ 66,0	000 \$	115,391	\$ 49,391
Interest	6,4	<u> 179</u>	16,883	 10,404
Total revenues	72,4	179	132,274	 59,795
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in		-	71,541	71,541
Transfers out	(100,0	000)	(100,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(100,0	000)	(28,459)	 71,541
Net change in fund balance	(27,5	521)	103,815	131,336
Fund balance at beginning of year	266,8	<u> 895</u>	367,293	 100,398
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 239,3	874 <b>\$</b>	471,108	\$ 231,734

		Sewer	Dev	er System elopment harges		ver Debt irement	,	Total Sewer Fund
Assets							-	
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$	2,588,411 442,725	\$	1,505,473	\$	284,410	\$	4,378,294 442,725
Total current assets		3,031,136		1,505,473		284,410	_	4,821,019
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets:								
Capital assets, nondepreciable		3,409,640		-		-		3,409,640
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		7,115,490		-		-		7,115,490
Total capital assets		10,525,130						10,525,130
Net other postemployment benefits asset		19,055		_		_		19,055
Total noncurrent assets		10,544,185		_		_		10,544,185
Total assets		13,575,321		1,505,473	-	284,410		15,365,204
Deferred outflows of resources		470 40-						470 48-
Pension related items		170,427		-		-		170,427
Other postemployment benefit related items		72					_	72
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	170,499		<u>-</u>			_	170,499
Liabilities								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		54,500		-		-		54,500
Accrued interest payable		24,034		-		-		24,034
Compensated absences		30,909		-		-		30,909
Bonds payable		366,000		-		-		366,000
Total current liabilities		475,443				_		475,443
Noncurrent liabilities								
Compensated absences		7,727		_		_		7,727
Bonds payable		431,900		_		_		431,900
Loans payable		2,251,566		-		_		2,251,566
Net pension liability		353,607		_		_		353,607
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	3,044,800						3,044,800
Total liabilities		3,520,243				-		3,520,243
Deferred inflows of resources								
Refunded debt charges		8,428		_		_		8,428
Pension related items		26,300		_		_		26,300
Other postemployment benefit related items		3,176		<u> </u>			_	3,176
Total deferred inflows of resources		37,904		<u> </u>				37,904
Not recition								
Net position  Net investment in capital assets		7,503,633						7,503,633
Restricted for:		7,503,633		-		-		7,503,633
System development				1,296,432				1,296,432
Debt service		217,109		1,230,432		-		217,109
Other purposes		19,055		-		-		19,055
Unrestricted		2,447,876		209,041		284,410	_	2,941,327
Total net position	\$	10,187,673	\$ :	1,505,473	\$	284,410	\$	11,977,556

	Sewer	Sewer System Development Charges	Sewer Debt Retirement	Eliminations	Total Sewer Fund
Operating revenues	<u> </u>	Charges	Kethement	Elillillations	
Charges for services	\$ 4,395,678	<u>\$</u>	<u>* -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,395,678
Operating expenses					
Personnel services	849,596	-	-	_	849,596
Materials and services	1,323,422	-	-	_	1,323,422
Depreciation	269,266				269,266
Total operating expenses	2,442,284				2,442,284
Operating income (loss)	1,953,394				1,953,394
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest income	252,633	67,347	7,311	=	327,291
Miscellaneous	3,361	=	-	-	3,361
Interest expense	(31,706)	=	-	-	(31,706)
Loss on sale of capital assets	(44,954)				(44,954)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	179,334	67,347	7,311		253,992
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	2,132,728	67,347	7,311	-	2,207,386
Capital contributions	-	141,694	-	-	141,694
Transfers in	-	-	254,392	(254,392)	=
Transfers out	(798,506)	-	-	254,392	(544,114)
Transfers out - non-cash	(36,396)				(36,396)
Change in net position	1,297,826	209,041	261,703	-	1,768,570
Net position - beginning	8,889,847	1,296,432	22,707		10,208,986
Net position - ending	\$ 10,187,673	\$ 1,505,473	\$ 284,410	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 11,977,556

	Sewer	Sewer System Development Charges	Sewer Debt Retirement	Eliminations	Total Sewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities		Ollarges	Kethement	Lillillations	
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,400,983	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,400,983
Payments to suppliers	(1,313,559)	-		-	(1,313,559)
Payments to employees	(850,278)	-	_	_	(850,278)
,	(555,215)				(000,2:0)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,237,146				2,237,146
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Miscellaneous	3,361	_	_	-	3,361
Transfers in		_	254,392	(254,392)	-
Transfers out	(798,506)	_		254,392	(544,114)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(795,145)		254,392		(540,753)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
System development charges received	-	141,694	-	-	141,694
Acquisition of capital assets	(848,844)	-	-	-	(848,844)
Issuance of long-term obligations	533,302	-	-	-	533,302
Principal paid on long-term obligations	(362,100)	-	-	-	(362,100)
Interest paid on long-term obligations	(17,284)				(17,284)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(694,926)	141,694			(553,232)
Cash flows from Investing activities					
Interest on investments	252,633	67,347	7,311		327,291
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	999,708	209,041	261,703	-	1,470,452
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	1,588,703	1,296,432	22,707		2,907,842
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 2,588,411	\$ 1,505,473	\$ 284,410	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,378,294
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided					
by (used in) operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,953,394	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,953,394
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities					
Depreciation	269,266	-	-	-	269,266
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources					
Receivables, net	5,305	-	-	-	5,305
Net other postemployment benefits asset	(4,494)	-	-	-	(4,494)
Deferred outflows - pension related items	11,969	-	-	-	11,969
Deferred outflows - other postemployment benefit related items	146	-	-	-	146
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9,863	=	-	-	9,863
Compensated absences payable	(673)	-	-	=	(673)
Net pension liability	53,193	-	-	-	53,193
Deferred inflows - pension related items  Deferred inflows - other postemployment benefit related items	(60,170)	-	-	-	(60,170) (653)
Deferred innows - other posterriployment benefit related items	(653)				(653)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 2,237,146	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 2,237,146
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH TRANSACTIONS					
Capital assets transferred to governmental activiites	\$ (36,396)	<u>-</u>	<u> -</u>	<u> -</u>	\$ (36,396)

SEWER OPERATIONS - ENTERPRISE FUND (MAJOR FUND)
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget							
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	4,143,000	\$	4,143,000	\$	4,401,376	\$	258,376
Interest		38,196		38,196		252,633		214,437
Miscellaneous	_	1,000	_	1,000		3,000	_	2,000
Total revenues	_	4,182,196		4,182,196		4,657,009	_	474,813
Expenditures								
Sewer								
Operations		2,977,786		4,127,786		3,351,916		775,870
Contingency		800,000	_	800,000	_		_	800,000
Total expenditures		3,777,786		4,927,786		3,351,916	_	1,575,870
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	404,410		(745,590)	_	1,305,093	_	2,050,683
Other financing sources (uses)								
Issuance of long-term obligations		21,226,521		21,226,521		533,302		(20,693,219)
Transfers in		-		22,376,521		-		(22,376,521)
Transfers out		(22,137,022)	_	(43,363,543)		(838,687)	_	42,524,856
Total other financing sources (uses)		(910,501)		239,499		(305,385)	_	(544,884)
Net change in fund balance		(506,091)		(506,091)		999,708		1,505,799
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,103,522	_	2,103,522	_	1,588,703	_	(514,819)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,597,431	\$	1,597,431		2,588,411	\$	990,980
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting princip	les							
Accounts receivable, net						442,725		
Capital assets, net						10,525,130		
Net OPEB asset						19,055		
Deferred outflows related to pension						170,427		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB						72		
Accounts payable						(54,500)		
Accrued interest payable						(24,034)		
Compensated absences						(38,636)		
Bonds payable						(797,900)		
Loans payable						(2,251,566)		
Net pension liability						(353,607)		
Refunded debt charges						(8,428)		
Deferred inflows related to pension						(26,300)		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB						(3,176)		
Net position at end of year, GAAP Basis					\$	10,187,673		

SEWER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES - SEWER FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues			
System development charges	\$ 205,000	\$ 141,694	\$ (63,306)
Interest	25,036	67,347	42,311
Total revenues	230,036	209,041	(20,995)
Expenditures			
Sewer			
Materials and services	50,000		50,000
Total expenditures	50,000		50,000
Net change in fund balance	180,036	209,041	29,005
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,118,446	1,296,432	177,986
Fund balance at end of year	<b>\$ 1,298,482</b>	\$ 1,505,473	\$ 206,991

SEWER DEBT RETIREMENT - SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	,	Variance
Revenues Interest	\$ 1,838	\$ 7,311	\$	5,473
Total revenues	 1,838	 7,311		5,473
Expenditures Debt Service	 442,482	 379,384		63,098
Total expenditures	 442,482	 379,384		63,098
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (440,644)	 (372,073)		68,571
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	 633,776	 633,776		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	 633,776	 633,776		<del>-</del>
Net change in fund balance	193,132	261,703		68,571
Fund balance at beginning of year	 22,706	 22,707		1
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 215,838	\$ 284,410	\$	68,572

WWTP UPGRADE PROJECT - SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	\$ 20,226,521	<u> </u>	\$ 20,226,521
Total expenditures	20,226,521		20,226,521
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	21,226,521	-	(21,226,521)
Transfers out	(1,000,000)		1,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,226,521		(20,226,521)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR - STORMWATER FUNDS June 30, 2024

	64-			ter System		al Nonmajor
Assets		rmwater	Developm	ent Charges	Stori	mwater Fund
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	423,006	\$	340,749	\$	763.755
Receivables, net	Ψ	41,600	Ψ	-	Ψ	41,600
Total current assets		464,606		340,749		805,355
Noncurrent assets						
Capital assets						
Capital assets, nondepreciable		180,217		=		180,217
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,689,113				1,689,113
Total capital assets		1,869,330		=		1,869,330
Net other postemployment benefits asset		3,957				3,957
Total noncurrent assets		1,873,287				1,873,287
Total assets		2,337,893		340,749		2,678,642
Deferred outflows of resources						
Pension related items		35,392		-		35,392
Other postemployment benefit related items		15				15
Total deferred outflows of resources		35,407		<del>-</del>		35,407
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		52,561		-		52,561
Compensated absences		7,682	_			7,682
Total current liabilities		60,243		<u>-</u>	-	60,243
Noncurrent liabilities						
Compensated absences		1,921				1,921
Net pension liability		73,432				73,432
Total noncurrent liabilities		75,353				75,353
Total liabilities		135,596		-		135,596
Deferred inflows of resources						
Pension related items		5,462		-		5,462
Other postemployment benefit related items		660				660
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,122				6,122
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets		1,731,924		-		1,731,924
Restricted for system development		-		340,749		340,749
Other purposes		3,957		-		3,957
Unrestricted		495,701		<del>-</del>		495,701

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

NONMAJOR - STORMWATER FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Stammunatan Suatam	Total Nanmaias
	Stormwater	Stormwater System Development Charges	Total Nonmajor Stormwater Fund
Operating revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 368,763	\$ -	\$ 368,763
Operating expenses			
Personnel services	173,287	-	173,287
Materials and services	59,285	=	59,285
Depreciation	52,085	<u> </u>	52,085
Total operating expenses	284,657	<u> </u>	284,657
Operating income (loss)	84,106		84,106
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Interest income	20,290	9,338	29,628
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	20,290	9,338	29,628
Operating income (loss) before			
capital contributions and transfers	104,396	9,338	113,734
Capital contributions	141,472	31,917	173,389
Transfers in	60,763	136,845	197,608
Transfers out	(50,865)	(60,763)	(111,628)
Change in net position	255,766	117,337	373,103
Net position - beginning	1,975,816	223,412	2,199,228
Net position - ending	\$ 2,231,582	\$ 340,749	\$ 2,572,331

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR - STORMWATER FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

	s	tormwater	Stormwater System Development Charges	Total Nonmajor Stormwater Fund
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from customers	\$	363,191	\$ -	\$ 363,191
Payments to suppliers	•	(60,838)	_	(60,838)
Payments to employees		(175,462)	_	(175,462)
Taymonts to employees		(113,402)		(173,402)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		126,892		126,892
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Transfers in		60,763	136,845	197,608
Transfers out		(50,865)	(60,763)	(111,628)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		9,898	76,082	85,980
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
System development charges received		-	31,917	31,917
Acquisition of capital assets		(104,238)	<del>_</del>	(104,238)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(104,238)	31,917	(72,321)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest on investments		20,290	9,338	29,628
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		52,842	117,337	170,179
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		370,164	223,412	593,576
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	<u>\$</u>	423,006	\$ 340,749	<u>\$ 763,755</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided				
by (used in) operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	84,106	\$ -	\$ 84,106
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Depreciation		52,085	-	52,085
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources				
Receivables, net		(5,572)	-	(5,572)
Net other postemployment benefits asset		(714)	-	(714)
Deferred outflows - pension related items		5,223	-	5,223
Deferred outflows - other postemployment benefit related items Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		34	-	34
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,553)	_	(1,553)
Compensated absences payable		731	_	731
Net pension liability		6,537	_	6,537
Deferred inflows - pension related items		(13,793)	_	(13,793)
Deferred inflows - other postemployment benefit related items		(193)		(193)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	126,892	<u>\$</u>	\$ 126,892
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH TRANSACTIONS				
Contributed assets from governmental activities	\$	141,472	<u> -</u>	<u>\$ 141,472</u>

STORMWATER OPERATIONS - ENTERPRISE FUND (NONMAJOR FUND)
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	,	Variance
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 355,000	\$ 363,191	\$	8,191
Interest	 7,573	20,290		12,717
Total revenues	 362,573	383,481		20,908
Expenditures				
Stormwater				
Operations	484,630	365,002		119,628
Contingency	 100,000	 <u>-</u>		100,000
Total expenditures	 584,630	365,002		219,628
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (222,057)	18,479		240,536
Other financing sources (uses)	100 700	00.700		(400.000)
Transfers in	160,763	60,763		(100,000)
Transfers out	 (26,400)	 (26,400)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 134,363	 34,363		(100,000)
Net change in fund balance	(87,694)	52,842		140,536
Fund balance at beginning of year	374,698	370,164		(4,534)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 287,004	423,006	\$	136,002
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles				
Accounts receivable, net		41,600		
Capital assets, net		1,869,330		
Net OPEB asset		3,957		
Deferred outflows related to pension		35,392		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		15		
Accounts payable		(52,561)		
Compensated absences		(9,603)		
Net pension liability		(73,432)		
Deferred inflows related to pension		(5,462)		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		 (660)		
Net position at end of year, GAAP Basis		\$ 2,231,582		

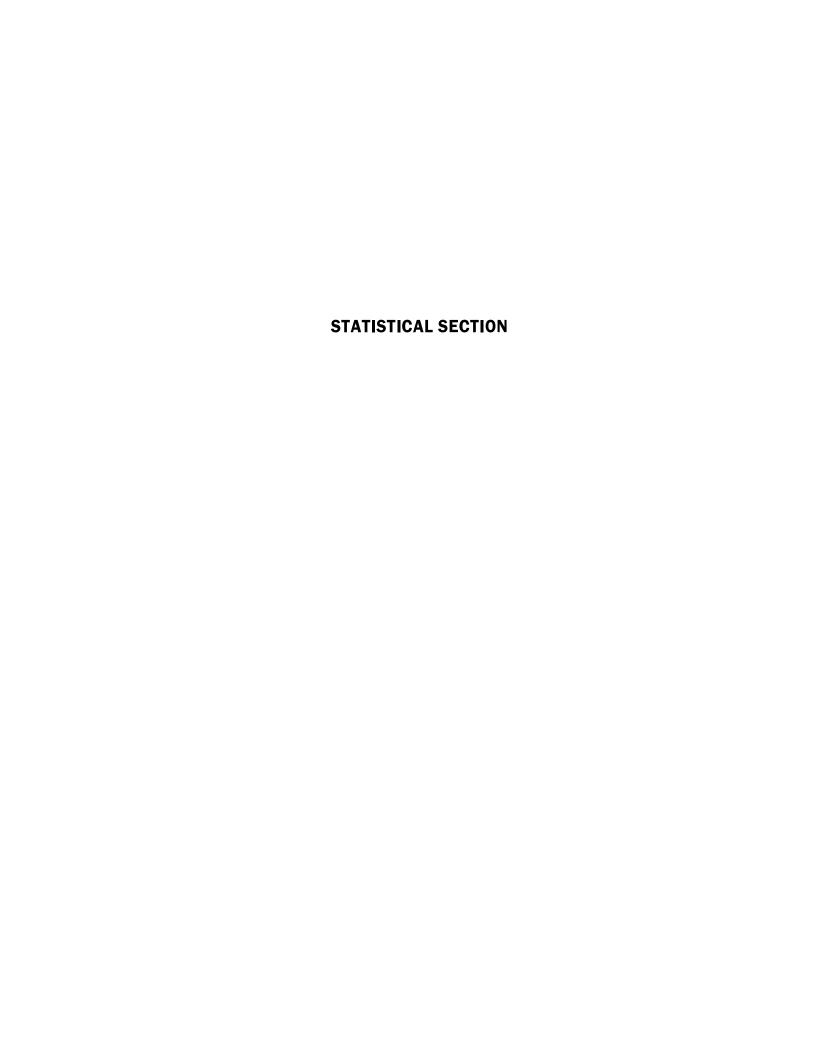
STORMWATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES - ENTERPRISE FUND (NONMAJOR FUND)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	,	Variance
Revenues	 			
System development charges Interest	\$ 78,500 3,353	\$ 31,917 9,338	\$	(46,583) 5,985
Total revenues	 81,853	41,255		(40,598)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	136,845		136,845
Transfers out	 (60,763)	 (60,763)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (60,763)	 76,082		136,845
Net change in fund balance	21,090	117,337		96,247
Fund balance at beginning of year	 153,966	 223,412		69,446
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 175,056	\$ 340,749	\$	165,693



### STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
<b>Financial Trends</b> - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	81 - 85
<b>Revenue Capacity</b> - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	86 - 89
<b>Debt Capacity</b> - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	90 - 94
<b>Demographic and Economic Information -</b> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	95 - 96
<b>Operating Information</b> - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	97 – 99

#### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year												
	2024		2023		2022		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Governmental Activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,796,415	\$	11,745,536	\$	9,704,248	\$	8,380,772	\$ 10,309,574	\$ 10,305,834	\$ 8,609,061	\$ 8,658,502	\$ 8,731,352	\$ 12,453,245
Restricted	30,128,030		12,107,520		10,926,081		8,891,455	5,527,674	5,700,235	4,587,201	3,511,668	4,445,288	2,976,327
Unrestricted	(12,885,796)		4,344,289		2,868,238		4,166,139	3,998,388	3,701,073	3,287,686	2,590,056	2,354,161	1,788,198
Total governmental													
activities net position	\$ 30,038,649	\$	28,197,345	\$	23,498,567	\$	21,438,366	\$ 19,835,636	\$ 19,707,142	\$ 16,483,948	\$ 14,760,226	\$ 15,530,801	\$ 17,217,770
Business-type activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 18,168,281	\$	17,673,354	\$	15,526,339	\$	15,033,589	\$ 14,386,314	\$ 11,681,554	\$ 10,812,541	\$ 10,103,432	\$ 8,036,493	\$ 7,678,396
Restricted	2,366,093		1,909,844		1,673,867		1,579,989	1,824,071	3,295,698	2,921,729	2,703,957	3,022,290	1,990,122
Unrestricted	6,262,995		4,687,355		5,133,072		4,476,620	 3,367,651	3,431,323	2,873,004	2,774,379	2,288,774	 2,204,417
Total business-type													
activities net position	\$ 26,797,369	\$	24,270,553	\$	22,333,278	\$	21,090,198	\$ 19,578,036	\$ 18,408,575	\$ 16,607,274	\$ 15,581,768	\$ 13,347,557	\$ 11,872,935
Primary government													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 30,964,696	\$	29,418,890	\$	25,230,587	\$	22,799,972	\$ 24,695,888	\$ 21,987,388	\$ 19,421,602	\$ 18,761,934	\$ 16,767,845	\$ 20,131,641
Restricted	32,494,123		14,017,364		12,599,948		10,471,444	7,351,745	8,995,933	7,508,930	6,215,625	7,467,578	4,966,449
Unrestricted	(6,622,801)		9,031,644		8,001,310		8,642,759	7,366,039	 7,132,396	6,160,690	5,364,435	4,642,935	 3,992,615
Total primary government	·								 				
activities net position	\$ 56,836,018	\$	52,467,898	\$	45,831,845	\$	41,914,175	\$ 39,413,672	\$ 38,115,717	\$ 33,091,222	\$ 30,341,994	\$ 28,878,358	\$ 29,090,705

#### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year																			
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Expenses																				
Governmental Activities:																				
General government	\$	1,413,510	\$	1,441,529	\$	2,205,232	\$	902,446	\$	1,392,703	\$	1,038,867	\$	1,488,976	\$	1,635,670	\$	1,361,581	\$	1,231,553
Public safety		4,481,759		3,826,634		3,276,964		3,707,070		3,216,141		2,912,022		2,542,513		2,548,515		2,550,779		2,044,240
Highways and streets		1,702,198		1,751,296		556,359		1,663,710		1,614,153		1,546,056		1,531,912		1,535,395		1,495,701		1,368,643
Culture and recreation		1,216,138		1,049,101		1,952,616		1,472,861		1,197,912		1,012,008		932,989		663,121		2,761,986		-
Community development		544,691		417,449		308,145		532,877		79,797		22,365		46,008		138,463		180,315		866,407
Interest on long-term debt		120,896		71,112		94,334		49,345		64,677		67,456		74,565		75,892		103,971		37,579
Total governmental activities	\$	9,479,192	\$	8,557,121	\$	8,393,650	\$	8,328,309	\$	7,565,383	\$	6,598,774	\$	6,616,963	\$	6,597,056	\$	8,454,333	\$	5,548,422
Duning and Australian and Indian																				
Business-type activities:	_	1 705 520	,	1 551 045	,	1 270 277		1 052 100	_	1 254 800	,	000 504	,	1 156 016	,	010 205	,	1 250 442	,	1 222 524
Water operations	\$	1,765,526	\$	1,551,845	\$	1,370,377	\$	1,953,198	\$	1,354,806	\$	906,594	\$	1,156,816	\$	910,285	\$	1,359,442	\$	1,223,534
Sewer operations		2,473,990		2,857,409		2,724,856		2,839,574		2,664,811		2,040,174		2,237,350		2,091,846		2,085,566		2,457,600
Storm water operations	_	284,657	_	280,099	_	230,567	_	84,995	_	338,031	_	175,680	_	258,864	_	116,548	_	329,046	_	102,813
Total business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	4,524,173	\$	4,689,353	\$	4,325,800	\$	4,877,767	\$	4,357,648	\$	3,122,448	\$	3,653,030	\$	3,118,679	\$	3,774,054	\$	3,783,947
Total Expenses	\$	14,003,365	\$	13,246,474	\$	12,719,450	\$	13,206,076	\$	11,923,031	\$	9,721,222	\$	10,269,993	\$	9,715,735	\$	12,228,387	\$	9,332,369
Program Revenues																				
Governmental Activities:																				
Charges for services																				
General government	Ś	53,622	\$	78,385	\$	45,638	\$	1,082,896	Ś	714,977	\$	475,441	Ś	708.068	Ś	700.437	Ś	728,984	Ś	769,780
Public safety	ş	318,068	ş	208,130	ş	208,213	ş	1,002,030	Ą	714,377	ş	4/3,441	ş	700,000	ş	700,437	ş	728,304	ş	208,997
•		209,394		210,468		231,633		829,782		155,421		544,297		259,922		154,094		433,458		208,997
Highways and streets Culture and recreation		13,778		•		9,406		138		11,456						19,800		453,456 452,649		_
Community development		44,165		10,397 75,975		•		114,768		•		17,111		17,654				452,649		87,204
• •				•		85,803				78,021		833,581		437,080		213,699		- 		•
Operating grants and contributions		1,548,492		2,176,675		1,680,579		359,203		92,415		60,015		47,332		15,489		5,576		23,877
Capital grants and contributions Total Governmental Activities	_	592,235 2,779,754	Ś	2,294,958	\$	2,153,813	Ś	54,300 2,441,087	Ś	1,052,290	Ś	1.930.445	Ś	1,470,056	Ś	1,103,519	Ś	1,620,667	Ś	1,089,858
Total Governmental Activities	<u> </u>	2,779,754	<u> </u>	5,054,988	<u> </u>	4,415,085	<u> </u>	2,441,087	<u> </u>	1,052,290	<u> </u>	1,930,445	<u> </u>	1,470,056	<u> </u>	1,103,519	<u> </u>	1,620,667	\$	1,089,858
Business-type activities:																				
Charges for services																				
Water	\$	2,175,279	\$	2,188,755	\$	1,753,420	\$	2,103,961	Ś	1,943,296	\$	2,311,332	Ś	2,028,290	Ś	1,815,514	\$	2,007,391	\$	1,527,794
Sewer operations	•	4,395,678	•	4,083,894	•	3,502,150	•	3,723,379		3,169,550	•	3,378,742	•	2,848,764	•	2,418,392	•	2,757,245	•	1,775,320
Storm water operations		368,763		347,845		330,291		413,063		321,049		404,812		319,148		198,601		242,993		123,352
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-		9,588		-				-		-		,,,,,		-
Capital grants and contributions		289,002		747,970		207,299		-		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total Business-type Activities	ς.	7,228,722	Ś	7,368,464	\$	5,793,160	\$	6,249,991	Ś	5,433,895	Ś	6,094,886	Ś	5,196,202	Ś	4,432,507	\$	5,007,629	\$	3,426,466
Total Business type Activities	<u> </u>	7,220,722	<u> </u>	7,500,404	<u> </u>	3,733,100	<u> </u>	0,243,331	<del>-</del>	3,433,633	<del>-</del>	0,034,000	<u> </u>	3,130,202	<del>-</del>	4,432,307	<del>-</del>	3,007,023	<del>-</del>	3,420,400
Total Program Revenues	\$	10,008,476	\$	12,423,452	\$	10,208,245	\$	8,691,078	\$	6,486,185	\$	8,025,331	\$	6,666,258	\$	5,536,026	\$	6,628,296	\$	4,516,324
Net (Expense)/Revenue																				
Governmental Activities	Ś	(6,699,438)	Ś	(3,502,133)	Ś	(3,978,565)	Ś	(5,887,222)	Ś	(6,513,093)	\$	(4,668,329)	\$	(5,146,907)	\$	(5,493,537)	\$	(6,833,666)	\$	(4,458,564)
Business-type activities	Ÿ	2,704,549	Y	2,679,111	Y	1,467,360	Ţ	1,372,224	Y	1,076,247	Ţ	2,972,438	Ÿ	1,543,172	Y	1,313,828	Y	1,233,575	Y	(357,481)
Total Net (Expense)/Revenue	Ċ	(3,994,889)	Ś	(823,022)	\$	(2,511,205)	<u>\$</u>	(4,514,998)	Ś	(5,436,846)	\$	(1,695,891)	Ś	(3,603,735)	Ś	(4,179,709)	Ś	(5,600,091)	s	(4,816,045)
Total Net (Expense)/ nevenue	<u>, ,                                  </u>	(3,334,003)	٠,	(023,022)		(2,311,203)	<del>-</del>	(4,314,330)	<u> </u>	(3,430,640)	٠,	(1,033,031)	<del>-</del>	(3,003,733)	<del>-</del>	(4,1/3,/03)	<del>-</del>	(3,000,031)	<u> </u>	(4,010,043)

### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year																		
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
General Revenues																		_		_
Governmental Activities:																				
Taxes:																				
Property taxes	\$	3,984,767	\$	3,850,047	\$	3,686,812	\$	4,186,467	\$	3,944,268	\$	3,707,861	\$	3,503,079	\$	3,148,271	\$	3,072,480	\$	2,954,828
Public service taxes and state																				
revenue sharing		947,156		895,786		733,171		2,138,831		2,038,041		2,061,169		2,012,180		1,759,103		1,469,469		1,919,016
Franchise taxes		575,824		478,598		468,159		367,257		431,304		396,780		494,405		401,267		363,384		364,723
Fuel taxes		808,385		806,306		807,914		*		*		*		*		*		*		*
Unrestricted grants and contributions		470,991		434,326		456,599		*		*		*		*		*		*		*
Interest and investment earnings		1,037,642		693,686		125,314		168,889		337,842		380,044		208,982		121,451		62,437		54,350
Miscellaneous revenues		41,839		243,491		88,642		14,119		49,872		110,124		46,904		75,514		56,868		116,582
Transfers in (out)		674,138		798,671		286,544				-		1,235,545		583,257		(782,644)		(121,034)		(400,000)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	8,540,742	\$	8,200,911	\$	6,653,155	\$	6,875,563	\$	6,801,327	\$	7,891,523	\$	6,848,807	\$	4,722,962	\$	4,903,604	\$	5,009,499
Business-type activities:																				
Interest and investment earnings	Ś	489,693	Ś	-	\$	-	Ś	-	Ś	337,842	Ś	-	Ś	_	\$	_	Ś	_		
Miscellaneous	•	6,712	•	56,835	•	62,264	•	139,938	•	93,214		64,408		63,946	•	44,841	•	37,039		10,601
Transfers in (out)		(674,138)		(798,671)		(286,544)		-		-		(1,235,545)		(583,257)		782,644		121,034		400,000
Total Business-type Activities	Ś	(177,733)	Ś	(741,836)	Ś	(224,280)	Ś	139,938	Ś	431,056	Ś	(1,171,137)	Ś	(519,311)	Ś	827,485	Ś	158,073	Ś	410,601
						<u> </u>		· · · · ·												<u> </u>
Total primary government	\$	8,363,009	\$	7,459,075	\$	6,428,875	\$	7,015,501	\$	7,232,383	\$	6,720,386	\$	6,329,496	\$	5,550,447	\$	5,061,677	\$	5,420,100
Change in Net Position																				
Governmental Activities	\$	1,841,304	\$	4,698,778	\$	2,674,590	\$	988,341	\$	288,234	\$	3,223,194	\$	1,701,900	\$	(770,575)	\$	(1,930,062)	\$	550,935
Business-type Activity		2,526,816		1,937,275		1,243,080		1,512,162		1,507,303		1,801,301		1,023,861		2,141,313		1,391,648		53,120
Total Change in Net Position	\$	4,368,120	\$	6,636,053	\$	3,917,670	\$	2,500,503	_\$_	1,795,537	\$	5,024,495	\$	2,725,761	\$	1,370,738	\$	(538,414)	\$	604,055

<sup>\*</sup> Previously reported in other categories

#### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Voor
	Year

	 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 33,852	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	135,881	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	3,385,433	3,011,265	3,660,620	3,470,175	3,115,275	2,756,155	1,967,938	1,441,381	1,133,000	952,596
Total general fund	\$ 3,555,166	\$ 3,011,265	\$ 3,660,620	\$ 3,470,175	\$ 3,115,275	\$ 2,756,155	\$ 1,967,938	\$ 1,441,381	\$ 1,133,000	\$ 952,596
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -
Restricted	29,685,403	11,997,177	10,813,325	8,860,471	5,527,674	5,700,235	4,587,201	3,511,668	4,445,288	5,423,234
Committed	361,863	2,288,064	693,268	2,059,053	1,858,871	1,781,899	1,655,471	1,529,407	1,395,999	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1,280,657
Unassigned	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	209,610	(41,902)		<u> </u>	-		
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 30,247,266	\$ 14,285,241	\$ 11,506,593	\$ 11,129,134	\$ 7,344,643	\$ 7,482,134	\$ 6,242,672	\$ 5,041,075	\$ 5,841,287	\$ 6,703,891

### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	l Year	•					
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016		2015
REVENUES								 				
Property taxes	\$ 4,909,448	\$ 4,771,973	\$ 4,384,932	\$ 4,276,637	\$ 3,840,270	\$	3,813,808	\$ 3,483,362	\$ 3,140,786	\$ 3,059,889	\$	3,308,927
Franchise fees	526,774	478,598	443,159	414,214	420,041		390,897	398,334	362,652	370,634		
Licenses, permits and fees	280,061	296,435	282,647	272,729	72,495		44,284	72,495	64,868	120,968		53,053
Intergovernmental	2,052,260	3,625,748	4,100,474	2,172,224	2,072,929		2,033,364	2,009,380	1,771,723	1,491,767		1,919,016
Fuel taxes	808,385	806,306	807,914	*	*		*	*	*	*		*
Fines and forfeitures**	256,988	152,892	154,731	240,515	9,179		14,201	14,676	16,921	18,031		19,218
Charges for services**	101,978	134,028	143,315	570,988	644,259		428,767	634,551	638,448	613,164		656,905
Grants***	-	-	-	351,405	81,358		40,816	22,748	6,542	3,816		23,877
Interest revenue	1,037,642	693,686	125,314	168,889	337,842		380,044	208,982	121,451	62,437		54,350
Miscellaneous revenue	41,839	243,491	88,642	14,119	49,872		110,124	46,904	75,514	117,079		114,429
Contributions and donations	163,898	12,313	108,752	60,900	11,557		24,499	28,584	8,947	1,760		2,153
System development charges	395,560	1,267,898	81,765	944,550	233,442		1,377,878	697,002	367,793	864,688		501,981
Total Revenues	\$ 10,574,833	\$ 12,483,368	\$ 10,721,645	\$ 9,487,170	\$ 7,773,244	\$	8,658,682	\$ 7,617,018	\$ 6,575,645	\$ 6,724,233	\$	6,653,909
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government	\$ 1,402,635	\$ 1,266,205	\$ 2,168,966	\$ 1,008,221	\$ 1,260,822	\$	1,115,455	\$ 1,191,682	\$ 911,656	\$ 793,643	\$	816,142
Public safety	4,381,808	3,881,244	3,278,318	3,240,292	2,994,324		2,774,880	2,491,805	2,395,215	2,216,160		2,175,759
Highways and streets	860,563	912,659	565,249	732,343	632,273		616,949	598,546	642,319	590,042		536,001
Culture and recreation	1,150,083	1,128,440	1,016,225	998,753	1,054,556		989,664	924,408	628,401	986,494		=
Community development	294,918	352,199	300,939	464,207	15,022		1,474	24,977	116,878	107,257		926,187
Capital Outlay	2,498,651	6,101,023	3,915,384	2,319,832	3,926,051		2,066,059	931,029	2,086,109	2,230,981		1,255,341
Debt Service:												
Principal	444,900	441,300	417,800	423,600	222,606		207,606	230,885	185,000	145,000		
Interest	87,311	98,907	109,650	72,587	90,576		94,461	96,194	101,898	136,856		66,838
Total Expenditures	\$ 11,120,869	\$ 14,181,977	\$ 11,772,531	\$ 9,259,835	\$ 10,196,230	\$	7,866,548	\$ 6,489,526	\$ 7,067,476	\$ 7,206,433	\$	5,776,268
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
over Expenditures	\$ (546,036)	\$ (1,698,609)	\$ (1,050,886)	\$ 227,335	\$ (2,422,986)	\$	792,134	\$ 1,127,492	\$ (491,831)	\$ (482,200)	\$	877,641
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Issuance of debt	\$ 16,830,230	\$ -		\$ 2,530,400	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Transfer in	3,497,842	6,384,451	3,048,415	2,453,894	3,745,057		1,990,615	862,089	-	345,000		3,143,156
Transfers out	(3,276,110)	(2,556,549)	(1,429,625)	(1,072,238)	(941,332)		(755,070)	(278,832)	_	(545,000)		(487,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 17,051,962	\$ 3,827,902	\$ 1,618,790	\$ 3,912,056	\$ 2,803,725	\$	1,235,545	\$ 583,257	\$ 	\$ (200,000)	\$	2,655,656
Net change in fund balances	\$ 16,505,926	\$ 2,129,293	\$ 567,904	\$ 4,139,391	\$ 380,739	\$	2,027,679	\$ 1,710,749	\$ (491,831)	\$ (682,200)	<u>\$</u>	3,533,297
Debt service as a percentage												
of noncapital expenditures	6.91%	5.15%	5.14%	5.45%	3.00%		4.53%	4.94%	3.93%	3.47%		1.15%

<sup>\*</sup> Previously reported in other categories

<sup>\*\*</sup> From 2016 -2020 Municipal Court Fines were being recorded as Charges for services rather than Fines and forfeitures.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Beginning 2022, grant revenues are not split out from intergovermental revenue.

### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		REAL PR	ROPERTY	М	ANUFACTURE	D STRUCTURES	PERSONAL	PROPERTY	UTIL	ITIES		то	TAL		
Fiscal year Ended June 30	As	ssessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ass	essed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	As	sessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ration of Total Assessed to Total Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate/ Thousand
2024	\$	772,509,695	\$ 1,571,699,627	\$	4,077,552	\$ 7,808,180	\$ 18,664,589	\$ 18,664,589	\$ 41,521,555	\$ 41,596,274	\$	836,773,391	\$ 1,639,768,670	51.0%	6.06
2023		743,658,300	1,502,754,845		3,746,024	6,710,150	16,011,786	16,011,786	44,263,400	44,352,742		807,679,510	1,569,829,523	51.5%	6.04
2022		707,961,793	1,274,571,036		3,628,336	5,477,950	14,536,222	14,536,222	38,803,100	38,872,214		764,929,451	1,333,457,422	57.4%	5.94
2021		672,215,372	1,140,099,977		3,599,622	5,158,740	14,898,925	14,898,925	37,192,500	37,249,742		727,906,419	1,197,407,384	60.8%	5.91
2020		640,709,297	1,074,092,199		3,567,075	4,877,380	14,282,351	14,282,351	30,474,300	30,522,973		689,033,023	1,123,774,903	61.3%	5.89
2019		596,253,536	962,210,749		3,287,116	4,318,290	13,693,175	13,693,175	31,886,300	31,925,433		645,120,127	1,012,147,647	63.7%	5.87
2018		568,373,600	844,622,742		2,997,053	3,710,240	12,251,888	12,251,888	27,680,800	27,722,879		611,303,341	888,307,749	68.8%	5.99
2017		532,604,601	814,535,706		2,563,905	2,926,488	10,753,275	10,757,312	26,757,200	26,787,379		572,678,981	855,006,885	67.0%	5.84
2016		502,276,193	702,867,924		2,299,157	2,545,753	9,686,683	9,687,170	29,160,700	29,478,711		543,422,733	744,579,558	73.0%	5.80
2015		480,012,264	626,356,527		2,106,439	2,288,508	9,596,183	9,598,877	28,150,100	28,210,958		519,864,986	666,454,870	78.0%	5.81

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office

# CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	C	ity of												
Fiscal year	Mola	lla/Urban	Mola	lla River	Cla	ckamas	Cla	kamas			Othe	er Taxing		
Ended June 30	Re	newal	Schoo	ol District	CC	& ESD	C	ounty	Mola	lla FD 73	Di	stricts		Total
2024	\$	6.06	\$	4.33	\$	1.10	\$	3.14	\$	1.69	\$	0.36	\$	16.68
2023	·	6.04	·	4.34	·	1.10		3.15	·	1.69	·	0.36	·	16.68
2022		5.94		4.39		1.02		3.06		1.69		0.37		16.48
2021		5.91		4.40		1.04		3.07		1.70		0.37		16.50
2020		5.89		4.42		1.03		3.08		1.71		0.37		16.50
2019		5.87		4.43		1.05		3.09		1.72		0.37		16.52
2018		5.99		4.43		1.05		3.09		1.39		0.37		16.31
2017		5.84		4.50		1.06		3.03		1.41		0.10		15.93
2016		5.80		4.52		1.07		3.05		1.41		0.10		15.94
2015		5.81		4.52		1.03		3.05		1.41		0.10		15.91

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office

Tax rates expressed in dollars and cents per \$1,000 of assessed value of taxable property

### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2024 2015 Percentage of Percentage of **Taxable Assessed Total Taxable Taxable Assessed Total Taxable** Value **Assessed Value** Value **Assessed Value** Taxpayer Rank Rank Molalla Telephone Co \$ 3.88% \$ 24,786,705 1 2.96% 20,177,800 1 Molalla MC Investors LLC 18,454,218 2 2.21% 13,625,122 2 2.62% **Stoneplace Apartments LLC** 18,282,760 13,066,324 2.51% 3 2.18% 3 **Pacific Fibre Products Inc** 17,033,926 4 2.04% 5 **Quanex Custom Components** 10,623,639 1.27% 0.67% Portland Gen Elec Co 7,296,000 6 0.87% 3,485,000 8 Cascade Place LLC 7,196,366 7 0.86% Northwest Natural Gas Co 6,719,000 8 0.80% **Hi-Valley Development Corp** 5,224,138 9 0.62% 4,003,868 0.77% 6 Cascade Center Molalla LLC 4,998,426 10 0.60% **Brentwood Acquisition Corp** 6,522,499 4 1.25% Welltower Landlord Group LLC 4,536,865 5 0.87% MSRE LLC 3,798,797 7 0.73% Oliva Steven J & Janice D 9 3,171,966 0.61% Brown Richard K 3,010,365 10 0.58% Subtotal 120,615,178 14.41% 75,398,606 14.50% All other 716,158,213 85.59% 444,466,380 85.50% Total 836,773,391 100.00% 519,864,986 100.00%

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office

## CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Figure 1					Danier of				Percent of					Dancaut of
Fiscal year Ended June	Tox	es Levied by	,	Current Tax	Percent of	De	elinquent Taxes	Total Tax	Total Tax Collections to	۸.4	iustro onts		ncollected	Percent of Delinguent Taxes
30		Assessor		Collections	Levy Collections	_	ollected	Collections	Tax Levy		justments   Discounts	UI	Taxes	to Tax Levy
		A3363301		Collections	Collections		Ollecteu	Collections	Tax Levy	and	Discounts		Taxes	to rax Levy
2024	\$	5,070,622	\$	4,830,404	95.26%	\$	65,974	4,896,378	96.56%	\$	149,514	\$	155,701	3.07%
2023		4,882,537		4,674,071	95.73%		90,824	4,764,895	97.59%		148,714		125,026	2.56%
2022		4,549,847		4,325,927	95.08%		49,373	4,375,301	96.16%		140,160		150,260	3.30%
2021		4,308,734		4,123,183	95.69%		56,648	4,179,831	97.01%		125,087		115,874	2.69%
2020		4,061,454		3,881,214	95.56%		51,825	3,933,039	96.84%		119,748		112,058	2.76%
2019		3,788,676		3,623,038	95.63%		126,705	3,749,743	98.97%		146,265		103,381	2.73%
2018		3,671,895		3,496,205	95.22%		44,975	3,541,180	96.44%		107,672		210,714	5.74%
2017		3,360,384		3,202,702	95.31%		53,853	3,256,555	96.91%		95,829		187,670	5.58%
2016		3,159,206		3,004,362	95.10%		58,135	3,062,497	96.94%		87,421		179,671	5.69%
2015		3,024,196		2,871,805	94.96%		66,245	2,938,050	97.15%		84,414		170,383	5.63%

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office

## CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gove	rnmental Activition	es	_	Business-ty	pe Ac	tivities	_			
Fiscal year Ended June 30	 ull Faith and dit Bonds (1)	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Loans/Notes		Enterprise Bonds (1)		interprise ans/Notes	Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Population (3)	ebt per Capita
2024	\$ 2,988,218	\$ 16,821,955	\$ -	\$	797,900	\$	2,251,566	\$ 22,859,639	*	10,489	\$ 2,179
2023	3,458,630	_	-		1,160,000		1,718,264	6,336,894	*	10,335	613
2022	3,925,442	-	-		1,518,000		831,641	6,275,083	1.83%	10,208	615
2021	4,368,754	-	-		1,871,600		208,572	6,448,926	2.06%	9,910	651
2020	2,287,466	-	-		1,400,000		1,272,262	4,959,728	1.76%	9,885	502
2019	2,467,978	-	67,606		1,650,000		1,412,305	5,597,889	2.19%	9,625	582
2018	2,633,490	_	132,084		1,890,000		1,614,848	6,270,422	2.57%	9,610	652
2017	2,819,002	-	-		2,460,000		1,811,791	7,090,793	3.16%	9,085	780
2016	3,029,514	=	-		3,010,000		1,809,810	7,849,324	3.79%	8,940	878
2015	3,200,026	-	-		3,540,000		1,935,111	8,675,137	4.17%	8,820	984

<sup>\*</sup>Information unavailable at this time

<sup>(1)</sup> Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums

<sup>(2)</sup> Personal income is disclosed on Demographic and Economics Statistics table.

<sup>(3)</sup> Portland State University

## CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Ratios of Net Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year Ended June 30		III Faith and dit Bonds (1)	Obl	General igation Bonds (1)	Avai	: Restricted Amounts lable in Debt vice Fund (2)	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (3)	Per Capita (4)
2024	\$	3,786,118	\$	16,821,955	\$	_	\$ 20,608,073	1.26%	1,965
2023	-	4,467,700			•	_	4,467,700	0.28%	432
2022		5,443,442		_		_	5,443,442	0.41%	533
2021		6,240,354		_		_	6,240,354	0.52%	630
2020		3,687,466		_		_	3,687,466	0.33%	373
2019		4,117,978		_		-	4,117,978	0.41%	428
2018		4,523,490		-		-	4,523,490	0.51%	471
2017		5,279,002		-		-	5,279,002	0.62%	581
2016		6,039,514		-		-	6,039,514	0.81%	676
2015		6,740,026		_		-	6,740,026	1.01%	764

<sup>(1)</sup> This is the general bonded debt of both government and business-type activities, net of original issuance discounts and premiums.

<sup>(2)</sup> This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.

<sup>(3)</sup> See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimate Actual value of Taxable Property for property value data.

<sup>(4)</sup> Population data can be found in the schedule of Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type.

# CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2024

			Estimated		
	Net	Property Tax	Percent within	Cit	ty of Molalla
Government Unit:	В	acked Debt	City	Pr	o Rata Share
Challana a Carananita Calla	ċ	117 (01 702	1.010/	۲	2 245 724
Clackamas Community College	\$	117,601,792	1.91%		2,245,724
Clackamas County		100,575,000	1.40%	•	1,405,636
Clackamas County ESD		26,603,764	1.45%	\$	386,499
Clackamas County SD 35 (Molalla River)		10,965,000	35.81%	\$	3,926,095
Clackamas Soil & Water Conservation		5,035,000	1.40%	\$	70,369
Molalla RFPD 73		755,000	42.09%	\$	317,784
Subtotal, overlapping debt		261,535,556			8,352,107
City of Molalla direct debt		16,821,955	100%		16,821,955
Total	\$	278,357,511		\$	25,174,062

Source: Oregon State Treasury, Debt Management Division

Note: Overlapping governments are those below the state level that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City. The State of Oregon provides overlapping debt data based on real market valuation of properties for each jurisdiction.

#### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	l Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Real Market Value of Taxable Property Percentage limitation Statutory debt limit (1)	\$ 1,639,768,670 3% 49,193,060	\$ 1,569,829,523 3% 47,094,886	\$ 1,333,457,422 3% 40,003,723	\$ 1,197,407,384 3% 35,922,222	\$ 1,123,774,903 3% 33,713,247	\$ 1,012,147,647 3% 30,364,429	\$ 888,307,749 3% 26,649,232	\$ 855,006,885 3% 25,650,207	\$ 744,579,558 3% 22,337,387	\$ 666,454,870 3% 19,993,646
Outstanding debt	16,821,955	4,467,700	5,267,000	6,038,400	3,687,466	3,694,911	4,101,932	4,630,793	4,839,324	5,135,137
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 32,371,105	\$ 42,627,186	\$ 34,736,723	\$ 29,883,822	\$ 30,025,781	\$ 26,669,518	\$ 22,547,300	\$ 21,019,414	\$ 17,498,063	\$ 14,858,509
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	34.20%	9.49%	13.17%	16.81%	10.94%	12.17%	15.39%	18.05%	21.66%	25.68%

<sup>(1)</sup> Oregon Revised Statute 287A.050 limits the principal amount of general obligation bonds to no more than three percent of the real market value of taxable property.

### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

### **Water Revenue Bonds**

						Debt S	Service		
Fiscal year Ended June 30	Cha	rges for Water Service	s: Operating Expenses	 et Available Revenue	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	Coverage Ratio
2024	\$	2,177,835	\$ 1,048,957	\$ 1,128,878	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
2023		2,075,579	1,404,499	671,080		-		_	N/A
2022		1,766,265	1,171,272	594,993		-		-	N/A
2021		1,826,925	1,208,870	618,055		-		-	N/A
2020		1,894,042	1,123,084	770,958		-		-	N/A
2019		1,891,858	1,056,897	834,961		-		-	N/A
2018		1,781,130	1,097,782	683,348	3	340,000		5,100	1.98
2017		1,756,714	1,044,373	712,341	3	325,000		15,075	2.09
2016		1,455,791	950,517	505,274	3	310,000		24,600	1.51
2015		1,380,765	1,421,961	(41,196)	3	300,000		33,750	(0.12)

### **Sewer Revenue Bonds**

						Debt S	Servic	е	
Fiscal year Ended June 30	Cha	rges for Sewer Service	s: Operating Expenses	 et Available Revenue	F	Principal	<u></u>	nterest	Coverage Ratio
2024	\$	4,344,385	\$ 2,549,257	\$ 1,795,128	\$	362,100	\$	17,284	4.73
2023		3,985,315	2,920,495	1,064,820		358,000		22,618	2.80
2022		3,458,099	2,545,029	913,070		353,600		27,886	2.39
2021		3,232,589	2,055,212	1,177,377		253,700		10,908	4.45
2020		2,993,171	2,244,229	748,942		250,000		66,000	2.37
2019		2,805,927	2,125,825	680,102		240,000		75,600	2.15
2018		2,131,000	1,536,437	594,563		230,000		84,800	1.89
2017		2,324,971	1,470,364	854,607		225,000		91,550	2.70
2016		1,891,277	1,586,485	304,792		220,000		98,150	0.96
2015		1,624,714	2,046,295	(421,581)		210,000		104,450	(1.34)

## CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Demographic and Economic Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Median Age	Pe	er Capita			Public K-12 School	Unemployment
Fiscal year	Population (1)	(2)	Inc	come (2)	Pe	rsonal Income	Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)
2024	10,489	*		*		*	*	3.7%
2023	10,335	*		*		*	*	3.5%
2022	10,208	33.6	\$	33,627	\$	343,264,416	1,917	3.2%
2021	9,910	34.5		31,626		313,413,660	1,943	4.9%
2020	9,885	34.8		28,459		281,317,215	1,893	9.8%
2019	9,625	35.2		26,498		255,043,250	2,017	3.4%
2018	9,610	33.7		25,437		244,449,570	1,781	3.5%
2017	9,085	34.2		24,703		224,426,755	1,715	3.6%
2016	8,940	33.5		23,155		207,005,700	1,787	4.4%
2015	8,820	32.9		23,614		208,275,480	1,420	5.1%

<sup>\*</sup>Information unavailable at this time

Sources: (1) Portland State University Population Research Center

(2) United States Census Bureau American Community Survey 5-year estimates

(3) State of Oregon Employment Department (Clackamas County, Seasonally Adjusted, June)

## CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Principal Employer Types Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023		2014			
Taxpayer	Average Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Average Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
Тахрауст	Linployees	- Naiik	Linployment	Linployees	Italik	Linployment	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	584	1	20.23%	508	1	20.33%	
Retail Trade	444	2	15.38%	384	2	15.37%	
Accommodation and Food Services	370	3	12.82%	249	6	9.96%	
Local Government (including schools)	345	4	11.95%	292	4	11.68%	
Manufacturing	266	5	9.21%	306	3	12.24%	
Private Educational Services; Health Care							
and Social Assistance	252	6	8.73%	273	5	10.92%	
Other Services	145	7	5.02%	142	7	5.68%	
Construction	115	8	3.98%				
Wholesale Trade	86	9	2.98%	82	9	3.28%	
Transportation and Warehousing	78	10	2.70%	101	8	4.04%	
Finance & Insurance			-	76	10	3.04%	
Subtotal	2,685		93.00%	2,413		96.56%	
All other	202		7.00%	86		3.44%	
Total	2,887		100.00%	2,499		100.00%	

Source: Oregon Employment Department

CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON

### Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

	Tan time Equivalent Employees as or saile so									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Function										
Administration/Council	7.82	7.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	4.75	4.75	6.00	5.00	4.00
Police Services	22.40	20.00	19.00	18.50	17.00	18.50	17.00	16.00	14.00	13.00
Parks	1.15	1.00	0.86	0.86	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Planning	1.52	1.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Municipal Court	1.50	1.00	1.00	0.75	0.75	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Library	8.70	8.70	8.70	8.20	8.20	8.40	7.00	5.00	5.00	3.00
Public Works (Street, Storm,										
Water Sewer)	18.94	16.50	18.50	18.50	15.76	15.62	15.30	14.00	12.00	13.00
	62.03	55.70	56.56	54.31	50.21	50.27	47.05	44.00	37.00	34.00

Source: City Records

### CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Function											
Public Safety											
Citations	1,176	762	673	721	763	642	*	*	*	*	
Arrests	410	312	404	212	347	298	*	*	*	*	
Code enforcement cases opened	362	109	66	105	22	*	*	*	*	*	
Code enforcement cases closed	357	106	66	105	22	*	*	*	*	*	
Culture and recreation											
Library circulation											
Materials	167,086	162,934	159,571	109,237	163,673	215,289	217,268	248,674	273,269	289,500	
Downloads/Streaming	26,260	23,311	21,519	20,631	20,283	15,803	13,072	11,037	10,872	7,563	
Program Participation	9,370	10,727	6,831	3,549	6,724	9,412	4,397	4,917	4,993	4,993	
Park reservations	107	101	77	15	26	25	*	*	*	*	
Community Development											
Land use decisions/authorizations issued	109	183	136	198	89	102	*	*	*	*	
Single-family units permitted	6	1	8	20	11	11	*	*	*	*	
Multi-family units permitted	43	153	217	8	40	2	*	*	*	*	
Commercial/industrial units permitted	2	9	1	7	6	4	*	*	*	*	
Public Works											
Work orders completed	2,879	3,433	4,170	3,906	4,105	3,948	3,773	*	*	*	
Linear feet of sewer line cleaned	7,868	13,961	11,616	9,727	9,727	9,733	*	*	*	*	
Local road feet paved/resurfaced	6,019	4,780	3,780	1,300	33	*	*	*	*	*	
Potholes filled	580	465	552	279	360	385	254	*	*	*	
Sewer TV inspected (LF)	6,700	2,605	5,280	1,500	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Manholes repaired	10	38	20	105	-	101	*	*	*	*	
Laterals repaired	8	34	10	9	4	*	*	*	*	*	
Water											
Water usage billed (cubic feet)	39,939,729	39,775,335	36,479,822	40,862,016	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Water meters installed	20	68	81	39	31	122	*	*	*	*	
Drinking water produced (gallons)	383,756,000	397,445,400	312,211,703	325,626,159	349,201,849	379,959,591	382,572,480	*	*	*	
Service orders processed	464	828	713	807	625	820	689	*	*	*	
Water meters read	35,818	35,829	32,892	35,853	35,453	26,622	*	*	*	*	
Water Main Replaced (linear feet)	-	1,700	-	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	
Wastewater											
Biosolids removed (dry tons)	447.78	1,234.84	419.27	411.46	280.00	866.34	*	*	*	*	
Wastewater recycled (gallons)	105,603,000	137,188,000	125,891,000	114,091,000	112,303,000	110,279,000	*	*	*	*	
Sewer Main Replaced (linear feet)	=	1,580	-	2,900	200	*	*	*	*	*	

Source: City records

<sup>\*</sup>Statistics unavailable

## CITY OF MOLALLA, OREGON Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Function										
Public Safety										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police vehicles	22	21	21	20	20	19	*	*	*	*
Highways and streets										
Streets (center lane miles)	36.04	35.77	35.7	35.5	35.5	35.5	*	*	*	*
Streetlights	803	795	780	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Culture and recreation										
Parks acreage	73.76	73.2	73.2	66.1	66.1	66.73	*	*	*	*
Playgrounds/skate parks	11	11	11	10	10	10	*	*	*	*
Library facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sanitary sewer										
Sewer EDU's	4,175	4,480	3,841	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sewer lines (miles)	34.26	34	33.95	32.62	32.62	32.47	*	*	*	*
Pump stations	5	5	5	5	6	6	*	*	*	*
Water										
Number of water meters	3,057	3,058	2,939	2,918	2,905	2,889	*	*	*	*
Water lines (miles)	42.33	42.07	42.07	41.51	41.51	41.34	*	*	*	*
Water storage capacity (gallons)	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	*	*	*	*

Source: City records

<sup>\*</sup>Statistics unavailable







### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Molalla Molalla, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Molalla, Oregon (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2024. Our audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Compliance**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law
- Programs funded from outside sources
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations except for the following:

Honorable Mayor and Council Members
City of Molalla
Independent Auditor's Report Required by
Oregon State Regulations
December 4, 2024

### ORS Chapter 294.358 - resources and requirements preceding years.

Amounts reported in the 2024-25 budget for certain funds did not agree to actual fiscal year 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 amounts as follows:

- 1st and 2nd preceding year's resources and requirements did not agree for the Capital Projects fund
- 2nd preceding year's requirements did not agree for the Water SDC and Park SDC funds
- 1st preceding year requirements did not agree for the Stormwater and Stormwater SDC funds

### OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

#### **Restriction on Use**

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Council Members and management of the City and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

December 4, 2024

By:

Bradley G. Bingenheimer, Partner

Singer Lewak LLP